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VOL. 43. VICTORIA, B. C., MONDAY, AUGUST 21, 1905. NO. 61.

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THE HUDSON'S BAY CO.
AGENTS

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

Cement Finisher Killed His Half Sister and Ended His Own Life.

(Associated Press.)

Los Angeles, Cal., Aug. 21.—B. M Beebe, a cement finisher, to-day shot and killed his half sister Lottie. Beebe, fired four shots at another sister, then turned his weapon upon himself and fired five shots into his breast, dying a short time later. Beebe objected to his sister's accepting attentions from young men.

IN DIFFICULTIES.

(Associated Press.)

Nanaimo, Aug. 19.—The Kendall Logging Co., operating on the limits of the E. K. Wood Company, of Bellingham, at Conioux, has gone to pieces. The Woods Co. got hold of most of the outfit on mortgage, the Chemainus Lumber Co. got back the engine on which only part of the price was paid, and the men have a lien on the logs. The men's claims are estimated at $1,900, and will probably be covered. Other creditors, of whom there are a number, get nothing. Allan & Smith, who were the partners forming the Kendall Co., arrived here yesterday and left this morning for the Mainland.

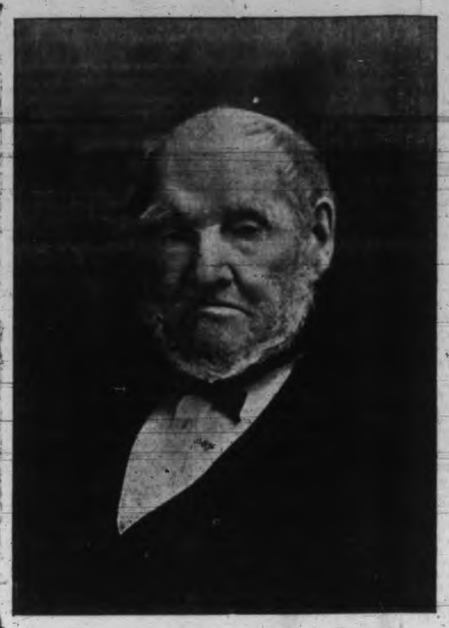
TROTTING MATCH OFF.

(Associated Press.)

Boston, Aug. 21.—A special $15,000 match between Audubon Boy, Estatic and Belle Mc, which was scheduled for the Readville race track next Tuesday, has been declared off by J. Y. Gatcom, owner of Audubon Boy, who declared that the owners of the horses failed to post $4,000 each last Friday as arranged and that a $3,000 forfeit has been paid him by the stakeholder.

SENATOR WARK DEAD

Oldest Legislator in the World Passed Away at the age of 101 Years.



SENATOR WARK.

(Associated Press.)

Fredericton, N. B., Aug. 20.—Senator Wark died at his home here to-day, aged 101 years. He was the oldest legislator in the world.

Death was due to the result of a cold caught last fall.

Hon. David Wark was born near Londonderry, Ireland, on February 19th, 1804, and educated in the ordinary parish schools. In 1825 he came to New Brunswick to seek his fortune. The whole population of the province was then less than 75,000 souls. Senator Wark in telling of his life relates the fact that when he came to the province there was little to be done at clerking, so he readily took up work at shipbuilding. After a time he got employment to keep a trader's books, then he taught school. This was at what is now Moncton, but which was then known as the "Bend" of the Petitcodiac river. An earnest Presbyterian he found no church of that denomination at Moncton, and soon removed to Richibucto, where there was one. He opened a school and for some time taught the young idea of the place all the English branches, and also navigation mensuration, trigonometry, then in request as studies for boys. But this was hard work for one teacher among children of all ages and conditions. Mr. Wark abandoned it and entered upon mercantile life, in which for thirty years he was engaged. He also gave great attention to agricultural work, and in time became one of the most eminent and successful farmers of Kent county.

In 1842 Mr. Wark was elected a member of the House of Assembly for Kent county, N. B., his colleague being the late Judge Weldon, of St. John. As a legislator Mr. Wark soon made considerable impression upon the House and the province. He was a prudent, safe and reasonable man of excellent judgment, moderate in the expression of his opinion, and well informed upon many of the matters which affected the welfare of the people.

After some years in the House he was appointed to the legislative council in 1851, and he occupied a seat in that body until he was called to the senate. From 1858 until 1862 he was in the executive council, being a colleague of Fisher, Tilley and other Liberals of that time, and for a time he held the office of receiver-general. In such matters as development of agriculture, the diffusion of education, the extension of trade, Mr. Wark was an active promotive.

As early as 1847 he promoted legislation in the provincial legislature favoring reciprocal trade between the provinces, which had at least a partial influence in securing what was desired, and it led, or at least helped to lead up to the reciprocity treaty of 1854 between the Canadian provinces and the United States. Senator Wark in his long political career, covering a continuous period of sixty-three years, has ever been on the side of movements to help the people to help themselves. The New Brunswick Saving Bank system as perfected was largely due to his judgment. In the Senate of Canada he acted with the Liberal party, but towards all parties he was just and moderate. His life was actuated by a strong sense of duty, and he regarded public position as a trust given to him to be exercised for the benefit of his fellowman. Conscientious, honest, single-minded, temperate, methodical, prudent, Senator Wark's long life was a most excellent example of good living—a steady, earnest life which is better for the country in which it is lived than any meteoric display of brilliant but erratic intellectuality.

The men who were in public life in New Brunswick when Mr. Wark entered the legislature in 1842 have all disappeared from the scene. Of the senators when he was called to the Senate in 1867, there is only one other in the body now, Hon. William Miller, of Nova Scotia; of his New Brunswick colleagues in that body in 1867 one still lives—Hon. A. R. McClelan, who ceased to be a senator when he became lieutenant-governor of the province. In 1860 when 56 years of age, Mr. Wark married Miss Elizabeth Annie Burpee, of Sheffield, Sunbury county, a sister of the late Hon. Isaac Burpee. Mrs. Wark died a few years ago. A daughter survives.

ATTEMPT TO KILL QUEEN MARGHARITA

AUTOMOBILE COLLIDED WITH STONE BARRICADE

Obstruction Placed at Dangerous Turn of Road—Machine Overturned But Occupants Escaped.

(Associated Press.)

New York, Aug. 21.—A Turin, Italy, dispatch to the Herald says that recently an attempt was made to assassinate Queen Margharita, mother of King Victor Emmanuel, who is making a tour of the Alps in an automobile.

This news is contained in a telegram from Aosta at the royal palace of Racconigi, near Turin.

Queen Margharita was ascending the St. Bernard in her automobile, accompanied by the Marquise Di Villemarine, another lady of the court, and two gentlemen, when the machine suddenly struck against a stone barricade that had been erected in the middle of the road, and was overturned. Fortunately no one was injured, but the five occupants were greatly alarmed.

The barricade had been placed at a dangerous turn where it was impossible to see the road more than a few feet in advance.

Police in an automobile were following the royal party and at once made an investigation, resulting in the discovery that the barricade had without doubt been placed there to bring about a fatal accident to the Queen.

Two arrests have been made on suspicion.

TO AID MUTINEERS.

Socialist Organization in New York Collecting Funds to Assist Sailors of the Potemkine.

(Associated Press.)

New York, Aug. 21.—Funds are being collected by a Socialist organization on the east side with the object of bringing to this city the sailors who mutinied recently aboard the Russian battleship Potemkine at Odessa. There are about 400 of the mutineers, most of whom are now in Roumania. If they consent to come here positions will be found for them by the organization which is fathering the scheme.

BIENNIAL SESSION.

(Associated Press.)

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 21.—The thirteenth biennial session of the Supreme Lodge, Colored Knights of Pythias of North and South America, Europe, Asia, Australia, the Hawaiian Islands and the West Indies, convened here to-day. The Supreme Lodge of the division of the uniform rank and the Supreme Court of Calanthe, a woman's auxiliary, will be in session simultaneously from August 21st to 26th inclusive.

SYMPATHY FOR CURZON.

Is Confined to Bed But Continues His Fight Single-Handed Against the Cabinet.

(Associated Press.)

Simla, British India, Aug. 21.—Among the public general sympathy is being expressed for Lord Curzon of Kedleston, Viceroy of India, who for eight weeks has been confined to his bed, from where he conducted his fight single-handed against the cabinet.

There is widespread regret that he has felt himself obliged to resign despite the almost unanimous support of the press and commercial bodies.

The friends of Lord Kitchener are jubilant and the commander-in-chief of the forces now stands as the de facto viceroy with his prestige greatly enhanced. In the opinion of the natives Lord Kitchener's power is supreme.

ONTARIO RIFLE MEETING.

Shooting Commenced To-Day at Long Branch Ranges—Some of the Scores.

(Special to the Times.)

Long Branch Rifle Range, Ont., Aug. 21.—The meeting of the Ontario Rifle Association opened here to-day.

In the Canadian club match (seven rounds at 600 yards, 1st, prize $20; 2nd, $15; 3rd, $12; 4th, $10; 15 of $5; 35 of $4; 21 of $3), Carr was fourteenth with 32; Tilt, twenthy-eighth, 31; Montimer, fifty-fourth, 29; Forrest, sixty-fourth, 29; Joynt, seventy-first, 29. Tyros: Fisher, seventy-sixth, 28; Bunday, eighty-ninth, 25.

LONG DISTANCE RACE.

Five Yachts Sail From Marble Head, Mass., For Halifax.

(Associated Press.)

Marble Head, Mass., Aug. 21.—In the very lightest of weather conditions, but under a clear sky, five yachts, all schooners, hoisted sails to-day in the Eastern yacht club's long distance race from this port to Halifax, 357 miles.

MERRYMAKERS MET SUDDEN DEATH

STREET CAR STRUCK BY FREIGHT TRAIN

Nine Persons Were Killed, One Fatally Injured and Several Slightly Hurt at Butte.

(Associated Press.)

Butte, Aug. 21.—Nine persons were killed, one fatally injured and about 12 more or less injured by a collision between a street car filled with returning merrymakers from the Columbia Gardens, and a freight train on the Butte, Anaconda & Pacific railway last night.

The following were killed: Maggie Herrington, aged 19, Butte; Maude Johnson, aged 19, Butte; Mrs. Jacobs, colored, Butte; Maggie Keefe, aged 19, Butte; Vera Houghton, aged 14, Butte; Mrs. Sadie Smith; Chris Wold, unknown except by name on hotel identification check found in his pocket, and an unknown man and woman.

Loaded with passengers, many of them women and girls, the car returning from Columbia Gardens was struck by the end of a freight train on the railroad track north of the Butte, Anaconda & Pacific depot and crushed beneath the weight of one freight car, killing nine and perhaps fatally injuring one other. Numerous others were slightly hurt, and were taken to their homes for treatment, their names at this time being unobtainable.

That more were not killed is miraculous, for the accident occurred with a suddenness that precluded any hope of escape for those on the front end of the car. Most of them were women and young girls, and six of these were killed, the other victims being men.

Protruding from beneath the bottom of the mass of twisted and broken timbers were the feet and lower limbs of several of the victims. The limbs were badly crushed, and the feet of a woman were almost completely severed just above the ankles. Screams could be faintly heard, and as the remainder of the body was obscured from view, it was impossible to identify them.

The train which struck the car was composed of 14 freight cars being pushed east on the tracks by a Butte, Anaconda & Pacific engine. Conductor Haogland says he was on top of the train with a lantern and warned the motorman, but the latter put on speed and attempted to cross ahead of the train.

BANK CLOSED.

(Associated Press.)

Washington, Aug. 21.—The doors of the Western National Bank, of Louisville, Ky., were closed this morning by order of the comptroller of the currency.

FLOUR MILL DESTROYED.

(Associated Press.)

Prince Albert, N. W. T., Aug. 20.—J. Kidd's flour mill was burned this morning, entailing a loss of $25,000. It was insured for $15,000.

WITTE SUBMITS PROPOSAL TO CZAR

WHO WILL DECIDE REGARDING PROPOSITION

In Tokio It Is Generally Believed Rupture of Peace Conference Is Inevitable.

(Associated Press.)

Portsmouth, N. H., Aug. 21.—M. Witte and Baron De Rosen, who arrived here at 10.45 a.m. yesterday, were in conference for three hours to-day, during which a dispatch to the Emperor of Russia was drafted and sent embodying the substance of the proposition which President Roosevelt yesterday submitted to Baron De Rosen.

At the conclusion of the conference Baron De Rosen accompanied by his secretary and Baron Schlippenbach, Russian consul at Chicago, left for Magnolia.

CZAR'S REPLY HAS NOT BEEN RECEIVED.

Portsmouth, Aug. 21.—The Emperor's reply to the message of M. Witte transmitting the proposal of President Roosevelt has not been received up to noon to-day and was not expected until to-morrow at the earliest. It is therefore likely that there will be no final show of hands at to-morrow's session of the plenipotentiaries.

Both the Russians and Japanese have almost finished the preparations of the protocols to be submitted at the meeting of the conference to-morrow afternoon. The features of the protocols is the presentatin of the reasons advanced by both sides for the divergence of views upon the articles upon which no agreement was reached.

The Japanese to-day notified the firm from which they received a combination safe for their papers at the hotel to take out the safe and render their bill this afternoon.

EXCHANGING MESSAGES WITH GOVERNMENTS.

Portsmouth, N. H., Aug. 21.—This would have been an ideal day to negotiate. It is even a pleasanter day to bask in the warm sunshine of the verandahs, and this is what many of the attaches of both missions are doing. The plenipotentiaries, however, Baron Komura and M. Takahira and M. Witte have no time for recreating. Before breakfast this morning M. Witte, although he was not feeling well, was hard at work, and he scarcely stopped while breakfast was served to him in his room.

Baron De Rosen had not returned from Magnolia. No plans for either mission have been announced to-day, but as both are exchanging cablegrams from their home governments which may decide the fate of the negotiations, it is unlikely that they will go far from the hotel to-day.

JAPANESE PREMIER REPORTS TO EMPEROR.

Tokio, Aug. 21.—The cabinet met at 11 o'clock to-day at Premier Katsura's residence. It is understood that Premier Katsura presented an extended resume of the proceedings at Portsmouth and explained the deadlocked questions. It is generally believed that a rupture of the conference is inevitable.

When the cabinet adjourned at 1 o'clock Premier Katsura drove to the palace and made a report to the Emperor.

Later the Premier received Sir Claude Macdonald, to whom he granted an extended interview, presumably with relation to the crisis in the peace conference at Portsmouth.

Following the call of the British minister the Premier conferred with Minister of War Terauchi and Minister of Marine Yamamato.

The foreign officers to-day announced that it was intended to adhere to the policy of secrecy until some conclusion had been reached.

BARON KANEKO WILL INTERVIEW PRESIDENT.

Oyster Bay, Aug. 21.—An unexpected phase in the peace negotiations developed to-day in the arrival here of Baron Kaneko, a special representative in this country of the Japanese government, for a conference with President Roosevelt. Baron Kaneko's visit was, it was known, arranged hurredly.

WAS ROOSEVELT ASKED TO INTERVENE?

Berlin, Aug. 21.—There has been a decided weakening of the confidence felt by the government officials and members of the diplomatic corps that the negotiations at Portsmouth would result in a peace agreement. The worst symptom, as it is looked at here, is that President Roosevelt should have found it necessary to take action. It is pointed out that if the negotiations were proceeding smoothly toward the desired end the President would not have interfered, and that he has done so is considered an indication of acute action. One of the bodigcrents, it is said, invited the President to intervene.

Whatever the President may have done, however, is likely to be strongly supported by the German government should outside support forward the matter.

GLOOMY VIEW OF THE SITUATION.

London, Aug. 21.—The Associated Press was informed at the foreign office to-day that President Roosevelt has not requested the British government to make representations to Japan on the question of peace. The foreign office thinks it would be impertinent for the British government to request Japan to modify her demands. The government believes that these demands are moderate and that Japan should not be deprived of the fruits of victory.

The foreign office further said it did not believe that Japan would modify the terms put forward at the opening of the conference.

Official reports received by the government from Russia take a gloomy view of the situation. Some of the officials of the British government take a hopeful view, while others believe that all chances for peace are past.

FRENCH OFFICIALS READY TO ASSIST.

Paris, Aug. 21.—Officials, both governmental and diplomatic, are apparently preparing to lend every assistance to avert the failure of the peace negotiations at Portsmouth. Premier Rouvier has suspended his vacation in Switzerland for the purpose of attending special cabinet council on Thursday next. M. Jusserand, the French ambassador at Washington, who is spending his vacation in the country, will return to Paris in the middle of the week.

According to the foreign office, Premier Rouvier's return has no direct connection with the peace negotiations. However, it will afford him opportunity to consider the situation at an opportune moment, as it is the expectation that the crisis will be prolonged beyond to-morrow, while the plenipotentiaries communicate with their respective governments regarding their inability to agree.

HORRIBLE MURDER AT MOUNT SICKER

HOTEL PROPRIETOR KILLED BY MINER

Slain While Intending to Intervene on Behalf of Woman Assassin Had Threatened.

A crime of unusual ferocity startled the well known mining camp of Mt. Sicker yesterday morning. Its awful consequence is that Joseph Bebeau, a popular hotelkeeper, lies cold in death with several ugly bullet holes in him, while somewhere in the wilds, hunted by a determined posse, roams his slayer, Fred Beach, with his death dealing weapon in his hand. So atrocious was the occurrence that has stricken the inhabitants of the district dumb, and so diabolically cruel the action of the assassin, that it would not be surprising if his liberty were terminated only at the price of more blood, if not his own, that of some of his pursuers. Fully armed and desperate, knowing that he can expect but little mercy from justice if the facts are as set forth, the outlaw has at his command the elements that made the adventures of Tracey in Washington unique in the annals of crime.

As far as can be learned the murder was entirely unprovoked. The murderer had been threatening the life of a lady because of some matter that will not be made clear until an investigation is held. The victim hearing of the trouble started for the scene to intervene and was shot twice by his cowardly assailant who was ambushed behind a clump of bushes. Like a beast of the jungle, that once taking blood craves for more, the murderer attempted to kill some women and a man who witnessed the deed from the steps of the hotel, but fortunately his aim was false and his lurid record for the time was ended. He is now in the woods and after him are several parties who have been ordered to omit no effort to capture him.

The particulars of the murder as learned by the Times this morning are these: About 8.30 o'clock yesterday morning while Mr. Thomas was in the back part of the Mt. Sicker hotel, a little girl named Mamie Campbell rushed into the room and exclaimed "Oh, come quick, Mr. Beach is trying to kill my mamma." Mr. Thomas ran out of the hotel through the front door, stopping a moment to listen. Hearing no sound of strife he hurried over to Mrs. Campbell's house a short distance away. He had gone about fifty yards when he heard several shots, the bullets singing past him and close to his head. Alarmed, he turned back towards the hotel. This was all there was to that particular phase of the tragedy.

Mrs. Campbell, the lady who had been threatened, had fled towards Mr. Bebeau's hotel in the meantime. The proprietor, on hearing the shots started for her house, not knowing that she had hastened to his hotel. He reached the house and opened the door. Nobody was within; and turning around he saw Mr. Thomas running up the steps of the Mt. Sicker hotel. Puzzled, he came back and asked Mr. Thomas where Mrs. Campbell was. The other motioned towards a gully a little farther down and

(Continued on page 8.)

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PEACE ENVOY PAYS VISIT TO ROOSEVELT

PRESIDENT SUBMITS PROPOSAL TO RUSSIANS

Is Striving to Remove the Differences Which Threaten to Wreck the Conference.

Oyster Bay, Aug. 19.—Baron De Rosen, Russian ambassador to the United States and second official of the Russian Emperor's envoy to the peace conference, was with President Roosevelt for an hour late this afternoon at Sagamore Hill. He came to Oyster Bay by invitation of the President, not merely to discuss with him the situation but to have presented to him by the President a proposition which, it is hoped, may solve the differences which have arisen between the plenipotentiaries of the two governments. After his conference with the President, Baron De Rosen left immediately for his summer home at Magnolia, Mass., where he and M. Witte, the principal Russian envoy, expect to spend Sunday.

Neither President Roosevelt, nor Baron De Rosen would consent to discuss, even in the most general terms, the details or result of their conference. The ambassador will present the proposition to M. Witte to-night, and the likelihood is that it will be submitted to Emperor Nicholas. On the result of its consideration will depend the fate of the peace conference. It is not probable that before the envoys meet next Tuesday it may be known with some degree of definiteness whether it is to be peace in the Far East or a continuation of the war.

PRESIDENT KNOWS ATTITUDE OF JAPS.

Portsmouth, N. H., Aug. 19.—All hope here that the peace negotiations may yet be saved from a break on Tuesday is fastened on the proposition which Baron De Rosen is bringing from President Roosevelt to M. Witte. This proposition, it is said, concerns only Russia's position, and if it shall prove acceptable to Russia, will be presented by M. Witte as soon as it shall have received the sanction of the Emperor. When M. Witte retired to-night he was entirely ignorant of the nature of the proposition.

Late to-night M. Witte was advised by Baron de Rosen that he was leaving Oyster Bay and expected to reach here some time to-morrow morning.

The Japanese plenipotentiaries are yet without any official knowledge of Baron de Rosen's visit to Oyster Bay. Baron Komura and M. Takahira do not expect that the proposition will come before the conference as a suggestion from the President, but in case it shall be acceptable to Russia they expect to

See Its Effect

is a modification of the Russian attitude. The Associated Press is authorized to say that Japan has the most absolute confidence in the President, and although without any official knowledge of the latest movement, the "Japanese plenipotentiaries feel certain that the President is acting not only in behalf of peace, but as much in the interest of Japan as of Russia; that before Baron de Rosen arrived at Oyster Bay the President was in full possession of Japan's views and knew on what points she might, under certain conditions, yield, and what demands were regarded as essential and unchangeable.

Japan, it can be stated, must somehow be reimbursed for the cost of the war. Unless the Japanese Emperor shall change his position, which his plenipotentiaries do not for a moment believe is probable, Russia must yield on article 9 (war indemnity) or Japan will be forced to continue the war.

The Associated Press is further authorized to say that the Japanese plenipotentiaries have not recommended to their government a retraction of the principles for which the war was fought, and for which Baron Komura and M. Takahira have been striving earnestly throughout the conference.

Regarding the President's latest move a Japanese secretary said to-night: "Japan's confidence in President Roosevelt as a

Great and Good Friend

has been strengthened rather than shaken in the final effort on the eve of what, it is feared, may prove the farewell session of the Washington conference to prevent a rupture. Japan has done her utmost for peace. We believe the President appreciates this, and if he does, any action he may, in the light of this knowledge, take to serve the cause of peace will find hearty sympathy and support on the part of Japan. The day Russia realizes that Japan's 'irreducible minimum' is irreducible, peace will be much nearer."

According to cipher telegrams received here by both the Russian and Japanese missions it is understood that the efforts of the powers who are ready to tender their good offices to prevent the rupture of the negotiations will be especially directed towards persuading Japan to withdraw her demand for indemnity. The assurance will be given by the powers that if the demand is withdrawn Japan will receive adequate compensation in other ways. At St. Petersburg the powers will endeavor to induce the Emperor to cede Sakhalien. Once agreement is reached regarding Sakhalen and indemnity it is believed the success of the negotiations will be assured.

RUSSIA DETERMINED NOT TO YIELD.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 19.—As the time approaches for the playing of the last cards at Portsmouth, there is manifested here among certain high officials and the press and public the unmistakable conviction that Russia will not yield on the point of paying an indemnity as such, or of absolutely ceding Sakhalien to the Japanese. The Associated Press call state authoritatively that Emperor Nicholas, the day preceding the announcement of the new national assembly, was firmly resolved that he would not accede to the Japanese demands on either of these points, and furthermore, that the reception by the people of the assembly project has done much to strengthen him in that resolution. It is not felt here that the questions of the transfer to Japan of all interned warships and the limitation of Russia's naval force in the Pacific

Will Be Crucial Points

in the final settlement. They are regarded as terms inserted in the demands by the Japanese to humiliate Russia before the world. They are also roundly declared to be unacceptable, but are not vested with the importance of the other two unsettled questions.

The Emperor has received further addresses from the country begging neither to cede the territory nor pay indemnity, and expressing the readiness of the senders to make further sacrifices if necessary. In the Emperor's known state of mind these communications certainly have their effect.

Two things were particularly noticeable to-day. One was the determination not to pay indemnity, as such, or to cede Sakhalien absolutely; the other was the fact that the promulgation of the national assembly at this time was a clever and able move that has done more to make an issue of the war, its continuance or the signing of a peace treaty at Portsmouth, a question of the people, than has any other even since the beginning of hostilities.

The calling into being of the national assembly is

A New Factor

in the situation. If peace does not result from the Portsmouth negotiations the war bids fair to be a national one supported by a popular sentiment, going in a great measure to unite the distracted country on national and popular issues. The war is to be carried on in future by the people instead of being a war in which the hearts and interests of the people do not enter.

The promulgation of the national assembly, coupled with the ten days' consideration, study and discussion of the Japanese terms, has given the first evidence of what may become a wave of more or less popular feeling. The actuality of the national assembly has increased among the people their personal interest in the Japanese demands and has resulted in strong expressions, from practically all classes of society excepting the extreme radicals, that the Russian people should not pay an indemnity nor cede Sakhalien.

An immense majority of the Russian people do not recognize the Japanese as victors, and say that Russia has already conceded Japan even more than she demanded at the outbreak of the war, and declare that the payment now of an indemnity as such would spell political death for Russia. It can be stated authoritatively that the United States is not attempting to exercise influence upon Russia through St. Petersburg.

RAIN STOPS THE MOVEMENTS OF TROOPS

Roads in Manchuria Impassable—Japanese Army Is Prepared to Continue the War.

Pekin, Aug. 19.—While the Russian and Japanese peace plenipotentiaries have failed to arrange an armistice during their negotiations, the weather is enforcing an effective armistice for the month of August. Operations on a large scale by either army are impossible at present, and the situation will probably remain unchanged for the next fortnight or three weeks.

The rains throughout Manchuria have been unusually heavy and prolonged this summer. The country is now a swamp and the roads are so soft that attempts to move artillery and heavy transports would be out of the question. There were many heavy rains in June and July, and the rainy season began in earnest about the middle of July. During the following three weeks there was a downpour almost daily. The valleys east of the railway particularly are inundated and the streams are swollen, making the movement of carts and horses very slow and difficult.

The Japanese army was fully prepared for a general advance before the rains began, and probably will give battle quickly with its whole strength as soon as the country is sufficiently dry, in the event that the peace negotiations fail.

Great reserves of supplies have been accumulated by the Japanese at the front and at Mukden, Tieling and other base depots. The army is in better condition than ever before for work. The health of the troops throughout the summer has been kept at a high standard, and the percentage of sickness has been far below that of the same period last year.

The army's energies have been directed to transporting munitions, building bridges, making roads and unceasing target practice by the artillery and infantry when the weather permitted. From the sound of firing within the Japanese lines for many days it was thought that a battle was in progress.

Whatever opinion the Japanese staff entertains regarding the probability of peace, it has made preparations to continue the war.

Vinson Walsh, son of Thomas F. Walsh, of Washington, was killed and four other prominent young members of the Newport summer colony were injured in an auto accident there on Saturday.

August Bobbs, aged 22, a messenger employed by the millinery establishment of Charles A. Stevens & Bros., Chicago, was sent from the store Saturday with $10,000 in a valise, which he was to deposit at the Corn Exchange National Bank. The young man and the $10,000 did not arrive at the bank, and both are still missing. Inquiry disclosed the fact that Bobbs had been playing the races and indulging in poker heavily of late.

Going for Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

Don't put yourself in this man's place, but keep a bottle of this remedy in your home. There is nothing so good for Colic, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery and Diarrhoea. It is equally valuable for Summer Complaint and Cholera Infantum and has saved the lives of more children than any other medicine in use.

When reduced with water and sweetened it is pleasant to take.

You, or some one of your family, are sure to need this remedy sooner or later and when that time comes you will need it badly; you will need it quickly. Why not buy it now and be prepared for such an emergency? Price, 35 cents.

Condensed Advertisements.

Rates for insertion in THE TIMES: All classifications, except Births, Marriages and Deaths, 1 cent per word per day; six insertions for the price of four; no advertisement taken for less than 25 cents. Time rates on application.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

STEADY, reliable young man wants work. Address X., Times.

KAI CHUNG & BRO., 158 Government St. Employment agency; servants and laborers for any work. Ring up phone 1123. Boot and shoe store.

FOR GARDENING—Cleaning, or in fact work of any kind, ring up the W. C. T. U. Mission, 17 Johnson street. Phone 1124.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

YOUNG LADY seeks position as bookkeeper, has had several years' experience; can furnish references. Apply Z., Times Office.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

WANTED—Drug apprentice; must have entrance to High school. Apply in own handwriting to Y., this office.

ANY INTELLIGENT person may earn a good income corresponding for newspapers; no canvassing; experience unnecessary. Send for particulars. Northern Press Syndicate, Lockport, N. Y.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

TAILORESS—First-class pants and vest maker wanted; steady work. W. D. Kinsman, 62 Johnson street.

WANTED—Girl, over fifteen years, attending school, willing to do light house work after school for board and lodging in comfortable home. 265 Yates street.

WANTED—An experienced nurse, to take entire charge of one child 14 months old; references required. Apply at once P. O. Box 475.

WANTED—A ward maid. Apply to Matron, Jubilee Hospital.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

GORDON HOTEL, 90 Yates street. Room and board for a limited number; terms moderate and inclusive, hot and cold baths, telephone, reading room, piano, etc.

FURNISHED ROOMS—First-class table, well recommended; fine brick house and grounds; piano and croquet lawn. Telephone A370. 227 Johnson, corner Vancouver.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

WANTED—A pony cart. Description and price to P. O. Box 126.

WANTED—Old gold and silver, cast-off clothing, boots and shoes, carpenters' tools, etc. Jacob Aaronson's new and second-hand store, 64 Johnson street, two doors below Government street.

WANTED—All kinds of bicycle repair work; all work guaranteed. J. T. Bradene, 76 Douglas street. Estimates given on all plumbing and heating work.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

LOST AND FOUND

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

LOST—A small dark pony. Return to 51 Work street. Suitable reward.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

CEMENT WORK.

SLATE AND GRAVEL ROOFING, cement sidewalks laid, etc. John Bell. Leave orders at Nicholles & Renout.

is worth money.

When you are seeking the opportunity to save on a large or small purchase, call here the first place. We have a complete line of Wall Paper and Paints, and assure you that you will make no mistake in buying here.

Mellor Bros., Limited

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Licensing Commissioners at their next sitting for a transfer of the license to sell wines, spirituous and fermented liquors by retail on the premises at 213 Douglas street, Victoria, B. C., and known as the Leland Hotel, to A. Hesson.

GEO. STOKES.

Witness: A. J. O'Reilly.

TO ADVERTISERS—We make cuts which enhance the effectiveness of your advertisements one hundred per cent. Nothing so effective as illustrations. From $2 upwards, according to size. B. C. Photo-Engraving Co.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

FOR SALE—Canaries, guaranteed everlasting singers, $3 each. Mrs. Abbott, Moss street.

FOR SALE—Motor, 1½ horse power, for sale cheap. 121 Blanchard street, cor. of Fort.

CHOICE ACRE PROPERTY—Within a mile and a half of City Hall; price $150 an acre, easy terms. Heisterman & Co.

FOR SALE—Phaeton, nearly new. Apply at Barlow's Stables.

FURNITURE, tents, air-tight heaters wanted. Steam engine for sale. At Bittancourt's, old church, cor. Broad and Pandora streets. Phone A966.

FOR SALE—Horses of all kins, from $35 up; new and second-hand buggies, carts and wagons, from $10 up; a few first-class fresh cows. Apply Fisher's Carriage Shop, Store street.

FOR SALE—First-class planer and matcher, in good order, 9x15. Shawnigan Lake Lumber Co.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

REMOVAL—Mrs. M. Harding, dressmaker and ladies' tailor, has removed from Room 47, Five Sisters' Block, to 131 Fort street, 2 doors above Blanchard street.

DICKSON & HOWES, 131 to 135 Johnson street, Grimm's Block, Victoria, manufacturers of show cases and store fixtures in hard and soft wood; designs and estimates furnished.

AH WING—Fashionable tailor, ladies' and gents' clothes made to order and perfect fit guaranteed. 160 Government street.

SING TAI—Manufacturer and dealer in ladies' silk and cotton underwear, dresses, wrappers, etc. 74 Douglas street, Victoria.

BEST JAPANESE PORCELAIN and fancy goods at Kawai Bros., Co., 86 Douglas St.

BOARDS OF TRADE, Tourist Associations, etc., should consult us when preparing guide books, advertising literature, and all kinds of illustrated folders. We group photos artistically and guarantee best results. B. C. Photo-Engraving Co., 26 Broad street, Victoria.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

TO LET.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

TO LET—Furnished and unfurnished cottages, $7 and $5 per month. A. Williams, 404 Yates street.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT—187 Fort street, 6 rooms, bathroom, storeroom, electric light, sewer connection; terms moderate. Apply R. C. Smith, City Hall.

TO RENT—Two stores, Todd Block, Douglas street; fine location, opposite City Hall. Apply J. H. Todd & Sons.

TO LET—Part of store on Fort street, near Government. Apply 41 Fort street.

TO RENT—Furnished or unfurnished, house of 9 rooms, Topas avenue. Apply Dr. A. A. Humber, 46 Government street.

TO LET—One of the nice cottages on Yates street. Apply 247 Yates.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

BUSINESS FOR SALE—The stock and fixtures of a clothing and men's furnishing business for sale as a going concern; everything new and fresh, up-to-date and in first-class condition. Apply 422, this office.

COFFEE AND SPICES.

VICTORIA COFFEE AND SPICE MILLS—Office and mills, 148 Government street. A. J. Morley, proprietor.

PLUMBERS AND GAS FITTERS.

A. & W. WILSON, Plumbers and Gas Fitters, Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths; Dealers in the best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc.; shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 126.

CHIMNEY SWEEPING.

CALL ON MESSRS. LLOYD & CO., sweepers to H. M. Naval Department. Please leave orders at Gower & Wrigglesworth's, Up-to-Date Fish Market, 119 Douglas St.

CHIMNEYS CLEANED—Defective flues fixed, etc. Wm. Neal, 32 Quadra street. 'Phone A381.

CARPET RENOVATING.

J. F. SHARP—Carpets and rugs beaten, renovated and relaid at reasonable prices. Leave orders at Reid's Tea Store, 83 Douglas street, Clarence Block. Ring up 1120.

WATCH REPAIRING.

A. PETCH, 90 Douglas street. Specialty of English watch repairing. All kinds of clocks and watches repaired.

EDUCATIONAL.

VIOLIN AND PIANO INSTRUCTION—Mrs. Maud Monks, 6 Garbally road. Terms moderate.

SHORTHAND SCHOOL—15 Broad street. Special attention given to bookkeeping. Thorough instruction in bookkeeping, shorthand, typewriting. E. A. Macmillan, principal.

LEARN TELEGRAPHY and R. R. Accounting; $50 to $500 a month salary assured our graduates under bond. Our six schools the largest in America and endorsed by all railroads. Write for catalogue. Morse School of Telegraphy, Cincinnati, O., Buffalo, N. Y., Atlanta, Ga., La Crosse, Wis., Texarkana, Tex., San Francisco, Cal.

DYEING AND CLEANING.

B. C. STEAM DYE WORKS, 141 Yates street. Largest dyeing and cleaning establishment in the province. Country orders solicited. Tel. 200.

HOTELS.

FERNIE, B. C.—Hotel Waldorf. Splendid accommodation for tourists and commercial men.

SURVEYORS.

THOS. H. FARR, Provincial Land Surveyor, Five Sisters' Block, Victoria.

LEE & FRASER,

Real Estate and Insurance Agents, 9 and 11 Trounce Avenue.

NORTH SAANICH—100 acres, 15 in pasture, small house, and fenced; price $2,000.

TO RENT—Farm, containing 40 acres of good bottom land, house, barns, fruit trees, etc.; rent $260 per year.

TWO LOTS—Assessed for $500; will sell for $325.

SMALL COTTAGE—6 minutes from Post Office, sewer connections and electric light; price $1,100, terms.

BELTON AVE., VICTORIA WEST—5-roomed cottage and lot 60x120 feet; only $700.

GOOD LOT—Near car line, fronting on 2 streets; price $425.

CRAIGFLOWER ROAD CAR LINE—Large lot; price $250, easy terms.

CAREY ROAD—Near Creamery, lots $50 each; terms, $10 down and $5 per month.

HOUSES TO RENT—See our list of vacant dwellings; we have a good list to select from.

Money to Loan: Fire and Life Insurance; also Choice Farm Lands.

LEE & FRASER,
Real Estate and Insurance Agents, 9 and 11 Trounce Avenue.

PEMBERTON & SON

Real Estate, Financial & Insurance Agents, 45 Fort Street.

MAINLAND FARMS FOR SALE.

820 acres, a well watered and fine stock range.

A fine ranch, near Findlay Creek, new house, herd of cattle, number of horses; cheap.

642 acres at $4 per acre, adjoins the Findlay Creek ranch.

1,300 acres, 500 cultivated, 100 meadow, house and buildings.

320 acres at $5 per acre, Findlay Creek.

520 acres in Pitt River Meadows, 400 acres prairie, make a good dairy farm.

Hotel and 250 acres good farming land.

200 acres, all cultivated.

SWINERTON & ODDY

102 GOVERNMENT STREET.

7 ROOMED HOUSE—All modern improvements, lot 60x120, good location, on Bellott street, $3,000.

5 ROOMED COTTAGE—Hot water connections, electric light, stable, lots 60x120 each, fruit trees, nice lawn, $2,500.

3 LOTS—Stanley avenue, $400 each.

LOT—60x135, Jubilee Ave., $400.

TWO LOTS—Connaught street, close to Gorge tram line, $200 each.

Several 8-1-3 acre pieces, 6 miles out, all good land; just the thing for fruit, and nice location.

Some CHOICE ACRE BLOCKS for sale; all good cultivated land.

10 ACRES—Lake District, 4 cleared, good soil, 4 roomed dwelling, barn, chicken houses, 80 fruit trees, 9 miles from city, horse, pig, implements, poultry and furniture included in price, $1,000.

154 ACRES—Salt Spring Island, 10 cleared, 10 slashed, 3 roomed house, good barn 50x40, new shed, poultry house, orchard of 100 trees, bearing; price $1,300.

A LARGE LIST of acreage close to city.

MONEY TO LOAN ON MORTGAGE.

In amounts of $500 and upwards, at current rates of interest.

Insure in the Connecticut Fire Ins. Co.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Cheap land, within two minutes' walk of Gorge tramway terminus, in any quantity to suit intending purchasers.

FINE FIVE-ACRE BLOCKS—Between Gorge and Burnside roads, on easy terms. Reduction made to first purchaser of land sold under new sub-division.

TO CLOSE ESTATE—Offers will be received up to noon Saturday, 15th July, 1905, for the purchase of two valuable city water front lots with buildings. MUST BE SOLD.

FOR SALE—Good business block on Yates street, returning good interest on the investment.

ALSO SECTION 16, ESQUIMALT DISTRICT—Cheap.

For particulars apply to
J. STUART YATES,
22 BASTION STREET, VICTORIA, B.C.

BUILDER & GENERAL CONTRACTOR.

THOMAS CATTERALL—16 Broad street. Building in all its branches; wharf work and general jobbing. Tel. 820.

CONTRACTORS.

ESTIMATES GIVEN on moving buildings; work carefully done at reasonable prices. Johnson & Co., 111 North Pembroke St.

DICKSON & HOWES, 131 to 135 Johnson street, Grimm's Block, Victoria, manufacturers of show cases and store fixtures in hard and soft wood; designs and estimates furnished.

JAMES FAIRALL—Contractor and Builder. Plans and specifications with estimates furnished. No charge for plans of small houses, bungalows or cottages. Eleven years architectural experience. 11 Springfield Ave., Victoria West. Tel. 444.

JOHN HAGGARTY—Contractor, 47 Discovery street. All kinds of teaming done and estimates given. When you want the scavenger to call 'phone us, 184.

CHAS. A. M'GREGOR, 95 Yates street. Jobbing trade a specialty. Twenty years' experience. Orders promptly filled.

SCAVENGERS.

R. H. NUNN, Constance avenue, Beaumont. General teaming and scavenger. Orders taken by 'phone, No. M481.

MACHINISTS.

L. HAFER, General Machinist, No. 150 Government street. Tel. 930.

UNDERTAKING.

W. J. HANNA, Graduate U. S. College of Embalming, New York, 102 Douglas street. Office telephone, 498. Residence telephone, 611.

BEAUMONT BOGGS

Real Estate and Insurance Agent, 42 Fort St.

COTTAGE—Very central, Church Hill, in good order, and sewered; terms very easy; price $2,750.

MALAHAT—80 acres good land; price $10 per acre.

SHEEP OR CATTLE RANCH—250 acres; price $8 per acre.

COWICHAN—Improved farm, water frontage, must be sold, with stock and machinery; price $5,000; terms.

FOR SALE—50 of the best farms on Vancouver Island. Call at office for list.

FOR SALE—Choice lots on Pandora Ave.; price $900.

FOR SALE—100-acre farm, Somenos, house, barns, etc.; price $3,100.

FOR SALE—160 acres, on Cowichan river, house and other improvements; price $1,500.

FOR SALE—25 acres, on Esquimalt harbor; price $2,500.

FOR SALE—6-roomed house, close to Government Buildings; price $2,200.

FOR SALE—Nice lot, Esquimalt road; price $825.

FOR SALE—10 acres good land, on Victoria Arm; price $1,500.

FOR SALE—Dairy farm at Somenos, fully stocked, buildings, etc.; price $4,500.

FOR SALE—Waterfront lots in Esquimalt; price $200, on terms of $10 per month.

HOUSES OR COTTAGES BUILT on monthly payment plan, under best architects and by competent builders.

FOR SALE—Cor. lot, Dallas road; price $735.

FOR SALE—14-acre fruit farm, buildings and stock, only 1 mile from city, a going concern; price $3,150.

FOR SALE—Farm, 100 acres, Saanich, 15 acres cultivated, 15 acres pasture, house, barns, etc.; price $2,000.

P. R. BROWN CO., Ld.

30 BROAD STREET.

CALL FOR A LIST OF OUR ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY DWELLINGS FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Old Esquimalt road, 5-roomed cottage, bath and pantry, sewer and electric light, only $1,300; easy terms. (570 c.)

FOR SALE—Sumas street, 2 lots and five-roomed bungalow, interior handsomely finished, stable, 50 fruit trees in bearing; cheap. (570 c.)

FOR SALE—Handsome new bungalow, containing 6 rooms, bath and pantry, etc., modern, one acre of land, on car line; only $3,150. (550 m.)

FOR SALE—Six miles out of city, 12 acres five acres under apples and prunes, 12-roomed house, cost $3,000, plenty of good water, a good income at once, excellent fishing; price and terms on application. (3000 g.)

FOR SALE—Fourth street, adjoining the famous Palmer orchard, 12 acres, five acres under cultivation, small dwelling, barn, house for Chinaman, etc., 2 cows, 1 horse and harness, implements; cheap as a going concern. (3070 g.)

FOR SALE—Six miles from city, 18 acres, of which 13 acres are under cultivation, small cottage, barn, good supply of water, 70 fruit trees in bearing; a bargain. (3070 h.)

FOR SALE—Yates street, half lot; cottage and stable, $950. This is close in and cheap.

FOR SALE—Centre of city, 7-roomed dwelling, in good order, modern; price $2,100, easy terms, interest at 4 per cent. (490.)

FOR SALE—Four-roomed cottage and full lot, $800. (490.)

FOR SALE—Chatham street, between Blanchard and Cook streets, full lot and small cottage, $1,050. (490.)

FOR SALE—Lot, corner Douglas and Chatham streets. (2170.)

FOR SALE—Lot, Superior street, $800. (2170.)

FOR SALE—Lot, Store street; fine site for small factory; $800. (2170.)

FOR SALE—8-roomed dwelling, near Dallas road, $1,000, on particularly easy terms. (4108.)

FOR SALE—Saanich District, 20 acres, all cleared and under cultivation, 3-roomed house, barn, stable, chicken house, good water, no rock or stumps; $2,700, and easy terms. (3050L.)

FOR SALE—5 acres, fenced and under hay, 3 miles from city; only $1,000. (3050M.)

FOR SALE—Douglas Gardens; the only choice lots on the market. Price and terms on application.

FOR SALE—Fort street, near Cook street, double front lot, 60x120 feet, fine residential site; price and terms on application.

FOR SALE—Four miles from town, 20 acres, of which 12 acres are cultivated, balance light timber, principally oak, orchard of 140 fruit trees in bearing, five-roomed cottage, brick dairy, large barn, three wells of excellent water, good roads; price and terms on application.

FOR SALE—Lot, 60x120, and 7-roomed house, McClure street; $1,600.

FOR SALE—Water lot and dwelling, near the new C. P. R. wharf, James Bay; price and terms on application.

FOR SALE—Fort street, near Linden avenue, 10-roomed dwelling, double front lot; well situated for private boarding house.

FOR SALE—Esquimalt road, with frontage on beach, ½ acre and 8-roomed house, $2,500; terms.

FOR SALE—240 acres, Lake District, excellent fruit soil, plenty of water; only $6,000.

MONEY TO LOAN, Fire Insurance Written, Estates Managed.

JUST ISSUED—Revised list of farms for sale in all parts of the province; call or write for one.

P. R. BROWN CO., LTD.,
30 Broad St., Victoria.

POTTERY WARE.

SEWER PIPE, FIELD TILE, GROUND FIRE CLAY, FLOWER POTS, ETC. B. C. POTTERY CO., LIMITED, CORNER BROAD AND PANDORA STREETS, VICTORIA.

CONSIGNMENT OF THE FAVORITE

"CALEDONIAN"

JUST RECEIVED

R. P. RITHET & CO., LTD.

TENTS TENTS

SAIL LOFT AND TENT FACTORY, 125 GOVERNMENT STREET, UP-STAIRS.

With our new and up-to-date electric machines we can manufacture Sails, Tents, Bags, Covers, etc., CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST. We have a very large assortment of Drill and Duck Tents to choose from. See our Waterproof Tents. The largest and best equipped Sail Loft and Tent Factory in the city. We rent Tents cheaper than ever.

ESTABLISHED 23 YEARS. PHONE 795.

F. JEUNE & BRO., Practical Sail and Tent Makers and Contractors.

HALL'S

COMPOUND SYRUP OF

HYPOPHOSPHITES

THE BEST

Blood and nerve builder. Drives away that tired spring feeling.

$1 00 A BOTTLE

HALL & CO.,

DISPENSING CHEMISTS,

Clarence Block, Cor. Douglas and Yates Sts.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

Daily Report Furnished by the Victoria Meteorological Department.

Victoria, Aug. 21.—5 a. m.—Heavy rains have occurred over the northern portion of the province, and fair weather continues from this to California, also across the Territories to Manitoba.

Forecasts.

For 36 hours ending 5 p.m. Tuesday.

Victoria and vicinity—Southerly and westerly winds, generally fair, not much change in temperature.

Lower Mainland—Partly cloudy, with occasional showers.

Reports.

Victoria—Barometer, 29.90; temperature, 55; minimum, 54; wind, 16 miles S. W.; weather, clear.

New Westminster—Barometer, 29.96; temperature, 54; minimum, 52; wind, 4 miles E.; weather, cloudy.

Kamloops—Barometer, 29.76; temperature, 60; minimum, 58; wind, calm; weather, clear.

Barkerville—Barometer, 29.80; temperature, 40; minimum, 38; wind, calm; rain, .10; weather, rain.

San Francisco—Barometer, 30.00; temperature, 56; minimum, 56; wind, 8 miles W.; weather, cloudy.

Port Simpson—Barometer, 29.80; temperature, 52; minimum, 44; wind, 6 miles E.; rain, 1.10; weather, cloudy.

Edmonton—Barometer, 29.66; temperature, 46; minimum, 46; wind, calm; weather, cloudy.

JUMPED OVERBOARD.

Suicide From Liner in Mid-Ocean—Man Scalded to Death on Steamer.

Montreal, Aug. 19.—Edward Gibbons, about 35 years of age, of London, England, threw himself overboard from the upper deck of the Dominion liner Ottawa in midocean during the steamer's voyage to this port from Liverpool. The body was not recovered. Gibbons was accompanied by friends and was on his way to Vancouver, where he had intended to settle. He was said to be demented.

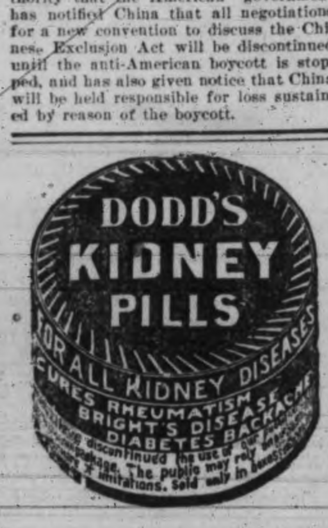
For Hudson Bay.

Halifax, N. S., Aug. 19.—The steamer Neptune, chartered by the Canadian government to make a trip to Hudson Bay, sailed yesterday. The steamer carries nearly a full cargo of supplies for the mounted police posts in the Arctic. She also took six members of the mounted police, who are to relieve some of those in the north.

Stoker's Death.

Charlottetown, P. E. I., Aug. 19.—Joseph Moneteith, 20 years of age, was scalded to death yesterday in the stoke hold of the steamer Halifax, of the Plant steamship line. He was engaged in trimming coal when a stay of the boiler broke, causing steam and water to blow out into engine room and stoke hold.

It is learned at Pekin upon good authority that the American government has notified China that all negotiations for a new convention to discuss the Chinese Exclusion Act will be discontinued until the anti-American boycott is stopped, and has also given notice that China will be held responsible for loss sustained by reason of the boycott.



QUIETLY RECEIVED.

The New National Assembly Will Be Popular in Russia.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 19.—The Emperor's gift of popular representation was received quietly and without special manifestation by the Russian public. A stranger in St. Petersburg would only have noticed that the crowds in the streets were carefully reading in the newspapers the long columns of the manifesto and the details of the project as they walked home from work.

The newspapers, which published the full account of the project as well as tablets including the number of representatives had little room for comment. Except among the extreme radicals, who had made up their minds in advance to be dissatisfied, and in the factionist camp and among others of extreme views, who believe the Emperor has surrendered far too much in creating an assembly.

Public opinion is also slow to crystallize as the outlines of the new institution are too broad and too complex to be grasped and understood on a first survey. But the indications are that the project will be popular. The manifesto had an extremely good effect, as the revolutionists and other agitators had been declaring that the Emperor had no intention of carrying out the promised reforms.

The principal comment heard to-day concerned the omission of Poland from the electorate scheme, but it was explained that this was owing to the differences in local organizations on which the scene of suffrage rests. The Emperor has intrusted the elaboration of measures to supply the deficiency in this and other provinces of the empire where the system of local organization is irregular to a special commission under Count Selsky, of the committee of ministers, with instructions to have a report ready in time to permit the participation of all parts of the empire in the first elections. In St. Petersburg and Moscow, the manifesto and accompanying documents were published simultaneously, and in other governmental centres, and are known now throughout the length and breadth of the empire.

In the imperial ukase ordering the ruling senate to promulgate his manifesto for the creation of the assembly, the Emperor rescinds the ukase of March 3rd, as he considers that all questions relating to the perfecting of the system of government ought to be submitted to the assembly. This decision was emphasized by General Duralovo, governor-general of Moscow, yesterday at his reception which was attended by members of the zemstvo congress. The governor-general informed them that in view of the reforms now granted all privileges accorded by the previous ukase had lapsed, that private conferences would be no longer necessary, and that he would not permit in Moscow private meetings of zemstvo congresses or the discussion of constitutional questions.

RADIANT WOMANHOOD.

The glory and satisfaction of beautiful womanhood can be known only to those possessing the unlimited advantage of health. No weak woman can be happy or enjoy half the pleasures of life. Pallid cheeks, sunken eyes, exhausted nerves, all tell of a terrible struggle to keep up. What the weak woman needs is Ferrozone; it renews, restores and vitalizes instantly—it's a "woman's remedy,"—that's why.

Ferrozone makes women strong, plump and healthful because it contains lots of nutriment, the kind that forms muscle, sinew, bone and nerve. Vitalizing blood courses through the body, making delightful color, happy spirits, true womanly strength. Fifty cents buys a box of Ferrozone in any drug store.

FIGHTING FEVER.

Yellow Jack at New Orleans Is Being Controlled.

New Orleans, Aug. 19.—The official report up to 6 p.m. on the yellow fever situation was as follows: New cases today, 59; total to date, 1,343; deaths today, 4; total to date, 192; new disease centres, 17; total, 295; cases under treatment, 401.

Summing up the results of the campaign to date Mr. Beverly Warner said to-day that it was the opinion of the health officers that while the fever could not be said to be under control, it is being controlled, and that the chances are that there is no longer danger of a serious epidemic. With conditions as they are to-day the feeling among all those officially in charge of the fight is one of high hope. The death percentage continues to decrease. Every day shows a large number of patients discharged.

DAWSONITES ARE AFTER THE POLE

AN EXPEDITION WILL START OUT NEXT JUNE

And May Be Calmly in Possession By Time the Astonished Peary Looms Up.

Dawson is out to capture the North Pole on scientific and methodical lines based on experience and experiment in the North. With this foundation the people of Dawson a few nights ago organized with a membership of 200 the International Society for Polar Research and Experiment. The ultimate object, after ascertaining the most logical and practicable plans, is to launch an expedition for the North Pole.

A special correspondent of the Seattle Post-Intelligencer gives an account of the meeting at which the society was organized. Gov. W. W. B. McInnes, of Yukon territory; Dr. Alfred Thompson, member of the Canadian parliament; the Honorable Justices Dugas, Craig and Macaulay, the three highest judges of the territory; Major Z. T. Wood, commander of the Northwest Mounted Police; members of foreign consulates and others were patrons and occupied prominent seats at the front of the hall.

One thousand people were present, and manifested great enthusiasm over the project. The scheme was originated by Dr. Antony Varicle, a Parisian inventor and scientist, now in Dawson, who has spent some time in the Yukon, and has made

Research and Study

of the subject of polar research. Dr. Varicle was given an ovation when he appeared.

A lecture setting forth the plans of the expedition was given by Charles Macdonald, clerk of the territorial court of the Yukon. To make the evening more pleasant, several classical musical selections were provided. The hall was elaborately decorated in cut and potted plants.

In a speech of more than an hour Mr. Macdonald said the expeditions of all former polar explorers or pole seekers have been conducted on anything but lines that would be approved by the northern travelers of experience. Yukoners found many weak points in the methods of travel, equipment and composition of nearly every polar expedition of the past.

The most familiar example of polar endeavor is the Nansen expedition. In that expedition is it shown by Nansen's own book that he understood little of equipping and handling long distance expeditions. Yukoners handle them with much more simplicity, ease and skill. Nansen worked in heavy skin robes and was immersed in sweat, then chilled in the ice thereof. Yukoners travel in the light parka, and never permit themselves to sweat. Nansen traveled with dogs weighing fifty pounds. Yukoners never use dogs weighing less than 100 to 150 pounds. Nansen drove his dogs with each hitched to a single strand, and they always were entangled and caused interminable trouble and endless delay. Yukoners drive their dogs in tanden harness and have scarcely any such trouble. Nansen had no handles to his sleighs. Handles are a great and indispensable essential to the Yukoners in helping right the sleighs.

Nearly every expedition sent to the Arctic thus far has been composed of sailors, men who are useless on land or anywhere but aboard ship. Those not military were largely semi-military. All were headed and composed of men not acquainted nor experienced in the North. It is the object and plan of Dr. Varicle to draw the great contrast right here. He will have none but the most

Experienced Northern Mushers

and travelers, and none but most experienced and best trained heavy Yukon dogs. The society has appropriated his idea, and it is to be tested this winter.

The question of fuel and sufficient supplies to carry the expedition across the ice is the stickler. Varicle proposed to overcome this with an auxiliary expedition of mules. He can make the mules last 130 days or more by killing a mule every few days for food. The carcass of each mule killed will be converted into dog food. Varicle plans to take thirty mules, and thus to supply no end of dog food. The food hauled by one mule will be fed to all the mules until the supply of one sleigh is exhausted. Then the first mule will be killed and his carcass given to the dogs. The second mule will suffer likewise, and so on down the line until the last few mules will be many days along the route before their time will come. With ten mules, 139 days would elapse before the last mule would be killed.

By thus supplying the dogs with mule meat, each dog will have nothing to haul but supplies for the men. The knowledge of Nansen's great success with the oil burner will be utilized. No artificial heat will be needed for bodies. The oil will be only for cooking purposes. Yukoners often travel many weeks, sleeping under the open sky with it 40 to 50 or more below, with only a fur robe for a bed.

Varicle plans to make an experiment of a trip of several hundred miles here in the Yukon basin this winter over rough ice with unbroken trail. If he can average only ten miles a day in the polar wastes he will succeed.

His plan is to start from Grant land (not Greenland) and

To Dash Overland,

or over the ice, 700 miles to the pole, and then continue 600 more to Franz Josef land, straight beyond from Grant land, and to make the journey in about 130 days or less. Ships will make connections at both ends, and each ship will be equipped with wireless telegraph instrument, with which the travelers can communicate when within proper distance of the ship. The wireless will help to locate the ship without delay.

It is the plan to try out all experiments in the Yukon, with Dawson the headquarters, this winter, and to get the expedition started next June. Eli Vereau and many other famous Yukon mushers have volunteered to go with Varicle. The society formed here was formed on motion of Dr. Alfred Thompson, member of parliament, seconded by T. D. Pattullo, consul for Norway and Sweden. Governor McInnes and the other patrons were the first to sign the membership roll.

Yukon mushers of long experience have volunteered to go with the doctor, and men of this type, who know how to travel in the Arctic and who have not a lazy bone in their bodies, are the kind he wants.

Gen. Greely, former Arctic pole searcher and chief of the United States signal corps, who was here a few days ago, conferred with Dr. Varicle while in the city on the proposed trip. The general was keenly interested. He asked the doctor to keep him fully informed of every development and movement in the undertaking, and promised his indorsement and what aid he might be able to render.

The general believes the doctor's scheme is founded on good sense and judgment, especially as to the preliminary tests, and the selection of skilled men and animals from among the Northerners.

Gen. Greely is a French scholar, and twenty years ago was honored for a polar address made before a French geographical society by presentation of a gold medal. The general, during the Cuban war, engaged the services of Dr. Varicle in connection with ballooning over the island. The doctor is a balloonist of

Great Experience

and intrepid nerve, something that counts in polar expeditions.

The practical turn of the doctor's mind, as well as the nerve of the man, is shown in the fact that he is the inventor of a telegraph system that transmits handwriting, drawings and any characters; the inventor of the famous key with adjustable figured combination appliance, that is, 1,000 keys in one, usd by the French government, with time lock appliance for protection of all post office works; the inventor of the key used everywhere now as an attached can opener, and so common as almost to be forgotten as a device of ingenuity. Numerous other inventions have been made by the doctor, all at the cost of $100,000 or more, thus showing the doctor is a man of practical ideas in ballooning, invention, adventure and otherwise. He planned to enter the Yukon in 1897 with a balloon, of the Andre type. He borrowed Andre's famous balloon sail in Paris and made a trip, but in looking into the Yukon project he found gas could not be secured for the Andre type of balloon in the North, and had to abandon the project, and he came to Dawson without the balloon. A device for steering the balloon was to be used by the doctor.

AN EXTENSIVE TRIP.

Account of Mining Engineers Tour by Well-Known Mine Manager.

C. W. Goodale, manager of the Boston & Montana Mining Company, who was in Victoria with the American Institute of Mining Engineers, has given the Anaconda Standard the following account of the trip:

He was absent from Butte about five weeks. There were 95 persons in the party, and their first stop in the West was at Nelson, B. C., and Grand Forks, where is located the Granby smelter. The mines and smelter were inspected by the engineers and they then proceeded to Rossland, where they visited the mines and smelter of that place. From Seattle they sailed for Victoria, and in the latter city held a meeting of the institute, after which the Sicker mining district was visited. Another trip was made to Ladysmith, where the smelter which treats the ores from the Tyee mine is located.

From Victoria they went to Skagway, and from the latter place over 110 miles of the White Pass & Yukon railway to White Horse, the head of navigation on the Yukon. At White Horse a side trip was made to Capt. John Irving's property the Arctic Chief. Capt. Irving showed them over his property, and then accompanied the party to Dawson, a distance of 450 miles down the river, the trip being made in 38 hours. They visited the Dome and from there viewed the whole Yukon watershed. They saw two gold cleanups, one of $16,000 on a five days' run on No. 25 Eldorado, and one of $8,000 on Bonanza creek. Any one who desired was allowed to pick a nugget from the gold sands and pay for it according to weight. All of the visitors were used to seeing gold, but none had seen it washed out in such large quantities. Mr. Goodale says the production of gold in the Dawson district has been gradually declining since the big year of 1900, when the output was $20,000,000. A new district in American territory near Fairbanks is attracting many people.

There has not been much mining for copper in Alaska yet, though there are some promising mines at White Horse and at Ellomar, in American territory, near Valdez, from which about 420,000 tons of ore have been shipped to Tacoma. Prospecting in Alaska is difficult on account of the heavy layer of moss covering the ground.

At Dawson the engineers were given royal entertainment, and each person was presented with a souvenir stickpin or brooch, consisting of a crossed pick and shovel with gold pan containing several miniature gold nuggets and the inscription, "Dawson, 1905."

The party left Dawson at midnight, July 10th, and returned to White Horse, the trip up the river taking 80 hours.

The famous Treadwell mine was also visited. The Treadwell is often referred to as the most economically operated mine in the world. Its ore runs but about $2.50 a ton, but the total cost of mining and treating is less than $1.25 a ton. The ore, of which there is an immense body, is easily mined. En route to Vancouver the party stopped at Alert Bay to see a salmon cannery in operation. From Vancouver the engineers went east over the Canadian Pacific, Mr. Goodale accompanying the party to St. Paul.

GERMAN WORKING WOMEN.

While Germany has 6,500,000 women who earn their own living, Italy, with only one-half the population, has 5,250,000. In Germany the number of servant girls who have a savings bank account is nearly three times as large as that of shop girls who have them.

THE SUCCESS OF LOCAL COMPOSER

WINS COMPLIMENTS OF EMINENT MUSICIANS

Comments of Well-Known Choir Director On Recent Composition By G. J. Burnett—Other Works.

During the last few years a Victorian, G. J. Burnett, organist of St. John's church, has contributed quite a number of compositions to the world of music, particularly sacred works. These have given him considerable prominence, his solos having been used by eminent vocalists under the most distinguished auspices. A recent composition, an anthem, "O Paradise," has met with an equally favorable reception. It has been submitted to the most celebrated organists and choir directors of the United Kingdom and Canada, and their comments have been of a very satisfactory character. When it is remembered that these gentlemen are most exacting critics, requiring from the composer a rigid observance of the minutest condition, the real value of their opinions can be properly estimated. Following are some of the remarks and criticisms that have reached Mr. Burnett, both directly and indirectly, through a cousin who lives in the Old Country:

Thank you very much for the copy of your colonial cousin's setting of "O Paradise." It is certainly tuneful and effective. I must not promise its performance, at any rate for the present; you would be surprised at the amount of new music that comes to hand. I should think that middle part for two treble and two alto parts would sound well.

Yours very truly,
T. WESTLAKE MORGAN,
Organist, Bangor Cathedral.

Please accept my thanks for copy of your cousin's anthem, "O Paradise." It is a very devotional and appropriate setting, and would, I am sure, be very effective when sung well. I will bear it in mind when getting new music for my choir.

Yours,
ALLAN ALLEN,
Organist, St. Sidwell's Church, Exeter.

Dear Mr. Burnett:—I have had much pleasure in examining the anthem "O Paradise," which the Novello firm have published. I find the work very effective, and have ordered copies for the use of my choir. The part writing is smooth, and harmonically the anthem is interesting and scholarly. Wishing you every success.

Very sincerely yours,
A. S. VOGT,
Conductor, Mendelssohn Choir, Toronto.

Dear Sir:—Your anthem I am very much pleased with, and, if possible, will use it at some time.

Yours faithfully,
F. H. TORRINGTON,
Mus. Doc., Toronto College of Music, Organist, Metropolitan Church, Toronto.

Dear Sir:—The anthem, "O Paradise," by Mr. G. Jennings Burnett, has many good points. Personally I do not favor hymns set to anthems.

Yours,
H. W. HUNT,
Organist, Bristol Cathedral.

Dear Sir:—Thank you for the copy of the anthem "O Paradise," by Mr. G. Jennings Burnett, which I consider to be an effective and well written composition. At St. Mary's we adhere to the more classic mould, although modern composers are in no way neglected, and should a favorable opportunity occur I will bear this anthem in mind.

Yours,
H. A. JEBOULT, F.R.C.O.,
Organist, St. Mary's, Taunton.

Dear Sir:—I have placed Mr. G. Jennings Burnett's anthem in a place where it will receive a hearing.

Yours,
G. RISELEY,
Organist, Colston Hall, and Conductor of the Bristol Orpheus Society and Musical Festivals.

Similar expressions from other cathedrals and churches have been received in England, and the composer should feel satisfied with the first attempt at this line of composition. A more recent work is a setting by the same composer to the following lines of Harriet Beecher Stowe:

STILL, STILL WITH THEE.

Still, still with Thee, when purple morning breaketh,
When the bird waketh, and the shadows flee;
Fairer than morning, lovelier than daylight,
Dawns the sweet consciousness, I am with Thee.

When sinks the soul, subdued by toil, to slumber,
Its closing eye looks up to Thee in prayer;
Sweet the repose beneath Thy wings o'ershading,
But sweeter still, to wake and find Thee there.

So shall it be at last, in that bright morning
When the soul waketh, and life's shadows flee;
Oh, in that hour, fairer than daylight dawning,
Shall rise the glorious thought—I am with Thee.

These are some of Mr. Burnett's latest compositions:

Kyrie Eleison and Gloria in D. flat; Kyrie Eleison and Gloria in G flat; Vesper, in D and G flat; Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis in B flat (festival); Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis in F flat (festival); Evensong for Male Voices; Rev. Mr. Kingsley's "Oh That We Two Were Maying," male voices.

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IMPORTANT STRIKE.

Rich Ore Discovered at Depth Upon the Stemwinder.

A strike of ore, apparently of high grade, has been made on the Stemwinder property near Kimberley, says a Cranbrook dispatch to the Nelson Daily News. This comes to the people of East Kootenay as a piece of good news indeed. The Stemwinder is situated in the gorge of Mark creek, about one mile up the stream from Kimberley, which is 20 miles from Cranbrook. On each side of this gorge the mountain rises up sharply and on the north side is the famous Sullivan mine and on the south the North Star, equally well known.

It was always thought that there might be something good found some day on this property as there is a showing of iron sulphide ore on the creek level of a width of 200 feet, and some years ago an 80-foot drift was made on this ore body, and it was also crosscut but nothing of any value was found, the remarkable fact being that no country rock was found in this drifting. The locality of this property, situated as it is between the North Star and Sullivan mines, made it an extremely hopeful proposition. The property is owned by Mann & Mackenzie, who have been prospecting on it for the past two months and word was brought down from Kimberley the other day that a strike of high grade galena had been made at the end of a drift 160 feet in length, which had been driven along the south side of the iron body already mentioned. So far the extent of the strike has not been in any measure determined but being in contact with such a large body of iron and at a depth of at least 1,000 feet below the ore bodies of the North Star and Sullivan, it is expected to be of no small dimensions.

ANCIENTS USED PLATINUM.

Perhaps some Egyptologist will shortly discover that radium was known to the ancients, for most of the recent discoveries appear to be but duplications of earlier results. It has been generally supposed that platinum was first found in the early half of the sixteenth century, when gold ore from the Spanish mines in Darien was found sometimes to include particles of a white metal possessing properties of what the alchemists termed the "noble" metals, but which could not be identified. The export of this new metal was prohibited, and it was not until 1750 that it became generally known and was made the subject of investigation.

Two or three years ago M. Berhelot, a French savant, while in Egypt, was examining the contents of a tomb ascribed to an Egyptian queen of the seventh century before the Christian era. Among articles of use and adornment he found a plate of what he at first took to be silver, but which, upon closer investigation, he discovered to be platinum, probably from the alluvial deposits washed down from the upper Nile in times of flood.

Since then other discoveries led to the knowledge that the metal was known to the Egyptians and esteemed for its useful properties.

It is understood that Scotch bred horses for export are in great demand. Last year a larger number of animals were shipped to Canada than had been similarly disposed of in any season since the early eighties, when the trans-Atlantic trade was at its height. This season Canada's requirements are still more extensive and already exports exceed the total of 1904. The shipments are to include some of the best show animals of the year.

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Notice is hereby given that it is my intention, at the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof, to issue a Duplicate of the Certificate of Title to the above lands issued to Emanuel J. Salmon on the 10th day of March, 1897, and numbered 3214c.

S. Y. WOOTTON,
Registrar-General.

Land Registry Office,
Victoria, B.C., 10th August, 1905.

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SENATOR WARK.

After a long, honorable and useful public career, after a life well spent for the benefit of his fellow-men and in the service of his country, Hon. David Wark of New Brunswick has completed his work and entered into rest.

Many brilliant men have come out of the East to devote their great talents to the advancement of the interests of Canada. The names of several of these will long endure in written history. Senator Wark's genius was quiet, unobtrusive and retiring. It was not of the brilliant, scintillating order. That which was given him to do he executed with fidelity as one who felt the full weight of his responsibility to his fellows and to the Higher Powers. No more patriotic Canadian ever lived; no more ardent Imperialist or loyal citizen of the British Empire ever opened his mouth in Parliament. Senator Wark walked uprightly as in the sight of men, he served his countrymen with fidelity, all the days of his life he set a worthy example to Young Canada. Departing full of years and honored and revered by his countrymen, while many will mourn his death, all will rejoice that he lived and taught the lessons of true living to those who remain to carry on the work of nation-building.

PEACE NEGOTIATIONS.

It doth not yet appear whether the proclamation of His Majesty the Czar of Russia announcing that his people were shortly to be given a voice in the government of the country was issued for the purpose of affecting the minds of the inscrutable and imperturbable, and outwardly immovable Japanese envoys, with the intent of preparing the minds of the Russian patrician and plebeian for an intimation that the war must go on, or whether the psychological moment for the proclamation and the meeting of the peace plenipotentiaries came together coincidentally. But the world will probably conclude that the astute advisers of the Czar in issuing notice to the world that Russia was about to take a considerable stride forward on the path which other nations had long been travelling, had in view the possible dramatic and moral effect of the announcement. The Russian nobles may have but an oblique conception of the meaning of public honesty and but a meagre idea of the sacredness of their responsibility as trustees for the people, but in diplomatic finesse they are second to no statesmen in the world. They will hesitate at nothing to gain a desired or desirable point. At Portsmouth, as at Tokio in the negotiations which preceded the war, they have encountered an entirely new and, to them, somewhat incomprehensible force. This new diplomatic battery shocks the Russian conceptions of statecraft. The Muscovite takes his place at the table of consultation and formulates impossible demands in order that ample scope may be given for a liberal scaling down, upon which shall be based large claims for magnanimity and earnestness of desire for peace upon honorable conditions. The Oriental appears in the council chamber and produces his irreducible minimum with an intimation that in it are comprised the conditions of peace. He is ready to discuss the terms, but it must be understood that there can be no modification of the principal demands. World opinion, as expressed in the press, seems to condemn the attitude of the Japanese. Such obduracy is incomprehensible. The precedent of statesmen appearing at a peace conference with their minds absolutely immovable and impervious to bargaining and haggling is as extraordinary as it is unpopular. Nevertheless we believe the Japs are right. Russia stands upon her dignity and proclaims her inflexible determination to consent to no terms compromising her position or her prestige as a power of the first class. Japan is not affected by theatricals, but waits composedly for the last word, which, we are told, means the prolongation of the war unless President Roosevelt's further good offices succeed in averting a crisis in the negotiations. Then Japan is warned from Europe that if she desires to retain the goodwill of her great national neighbors she must abate some of her demands. Probably the Japanese are indifferent to world opinions. The nations have done their worst to keep her down and to prevent her expansion. Now she evidently intends to stand firm, with such backing as she has, for terms which will be a guarantee of lasting peace. And she will assuredly have her way, in substance, in the end.

"FAIR PLAY."

The Seattle Post-Intelligencer says all the United States wants is a "fair deal" in international trade. If other nations give indications of taking advantage of the well-known and widely-proclaimed generosity and open-handedness of the Americans in commercial affairs, steps must be taken to bring the would-be maranders to a realization of certain facts. That is the reason the reciprocity conference recently held in Chicago made up its mind to report in favor of a maximum and a minimum tariff. Germany is determined to increase the duties on American goods next year, therefore Germany must be told what will happen to her if she dares to do such a thing. France already has in force a fiscal system which has a discouraging effect upon the importation of United States products. The proposed maximum tariff will apply to her case also and teach her that the trade of the great Republic must not be tampered with by unfair hands. There is Canada, too, talking as though she had the right if she has the will to adopt maximum and minimum rates of duty, the maximum imposts to apply to the goods of all such countries as maintain the protectionist system in its most effective forms. But let not Great Britain or any other free trade country (if there are any left) rejoice in the belief that at last the American tariff is to be relaxed in favor of such nations as impose no duties, or merely nominal duties, upon American goods. That is not the protectionist idea of the way to force or to confer a "fair deal." The recommendation is that the present tariff shall be increased by 25 per cent., and in that way the maximum duties will be applied. The last thought will be to suggest a reduction of 25 per cent. on the present schedules, thus clearing a way for an expansion of trade with the nations which have consistently treated the United States with generosity—in some instances with greater generosity than they have treated their own flesh and blood—in trade matters. Thus it will be observed that the American idea of fair play connotes simply fair play for Americans in foreign markets with the least play possible for foreign goods in American markets. If the foreigner is so blind as not to see the justice of this position, he must be brought to realize it by force of a tariff war or retaliation. It is well to have the matter put thus plainly before the world. But, notwithstanding the heavy shadow of the menacing hand, we do not think the Germans or the French will be intimidated into withdrawal.

The evolution of Russian government is the subject of the opening article in the National Geographic Magazine for July. The author, Prof. E. A. Grosvenor of Amherst College, attributes the fact that the Middle Ages ceased in Russia with the accession of Peter the Great, two centuries and a half later than in western Europe, mainly to the influence of the vast plain which constitutes the European empire. Mountains, at once a bulwark and defence and an inspiration, were denied this land. He briefly sketches the political history to the present time, showing how all advances began at the top and worked downward. The people have again and again opposed attempts to establish a constitutional government, preferring the paternal rule of "The Little Father." Consequently still everywhere, in the village air as well as in the Imperial Senate, his power is felt, justifying the Slavic proverb, "In Russia two are everywhere, God and the Czar." Mr. E. Hiokl of the Japanese legation maintains that the purpose of the Anglo-Japanese alliance is the maintenance of peace, and closes with the assertion that Japan has no desire for the Philippines, and does not threaten the United States commercially. He looks forward confidently to the continuance of peaceful and harmonious trade relations between the two countries.

* * *

China is now described as the Sick Man of the Far East. She stands idly by while her neighbors haggle about the disposition of her territory. There is another Sick Man, however, who has remained a long time in the infirmary without exhibiting any immediate disposition of giving up the ghost and leaving his aspiring heirs a valuable estate to fight for. And the greatest enemy of the Turk has met his match.

A London financial paper says Canadian Pacific shares recently reached the highest price they have ever attained. The maximum quotation last year was 139¼, and ten years ago, when the shareholders went without a dividend for a twelvemonth, the extreme variations in the price of the security were 35 and 6⅝. It will be seen, therefore, that the Canadian Pacific, which is nowadays earning something like 10 per cent. on its ordinary capital, has made very gratifying progress in the decade.

* * *

The people of Norway will have a king. If they cannot get a Bernadotte they will take any other suitable representative of a royal house. No republican simplicity for the Norwegians. They are as firm upon that point as they are rigid in their determination to separate from Sweden. Such is the influence of environment. Republics are not fashionable in the neighborhood of the Scandinavian peninsula.

MORE LIGHT AND LESS WATER.

To the Editor:—At last, after struggling for some days, Mr. Lubbe succeeds in bunching together a lot of matter absolutely irrelevant to the subject under discussion, and publishes it as a reply to my letter. If Mr. Lubbe satisfies himself and pleases his associates in this manner, I have nothing to say.

The vague insinuations and cowardly innuendoes respecting the mayor, the aldermen and Mr. Buntzen he dare not place before your readers in more definite form.

The excuse he offers in palliation of the contemptible attitude he makes his company assume in advocating municipal competition with the tramway company has the mark of absurdity stamped all over its face.

In view of subsequent events, when he finds that the city derides the idea of paying his company $1,250,000, that the engineer reports the full value at $600,000, and that I show that as an investment $485,000 is as much as it is worth, his story of a scheme whereby the treasury of his company was to get $1,250,000 of the ratepayers' money, looks so like a cock and bull yarn, with which some wag stuffed him, that I am surprised he should advance such as the cause of resentment.

What has the history of the Nelson waterworks to do with the propositions I laid down, and which Mr. Lubbe entirely disregards? No more than the "Crescent city ferry fizzle" or the "Kokasila stone fiasco" have to do with them. The gentleman's effusion, over which many anxious hours were wasted in conference with his colleagues, and upon which so much care and thought was bestowed, is not worth the paper and ink I am wasting over it.

F. S. BARNARD.

TERRITORIAL JURISDICTION OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

To the Editor:—Section 6 of the Imperial statute, 21 and 22 Victoria, speaks of "the colony of Vancouver Island," as at present established. This act, which defines the boundaries of the old colony of British Columbia, was passed on August 2nd, 1858; therefore we must search before that date to find by what instrument the colony of Vancouver Island was established, and what was included in it. The earliest description of what constituted Vancouver Island I find in the grant to the Hudson's Bay Company. This is dated January 13th, 1849, and by it the crown conveyed to the company, subject to an annual rental, "all that said Island called Vancouver Island, together with all royalties of the seas upon these coasts within the limits aforesaid and all mines royal thereto belonging." The expression "the limits aforesaid" refers, inter alia, to the following recital, "including Vancouver Island, the boundary line between which and the territories of the United States is determined by the hereinbefore recited treaty between ourselves and the said United States." The recital from the treaty provides, inter alia, that the boundary between the British possessions and the United States shall be a line drawn "through the middle of the channel which separates the continent from Vancouver Island and of De Fuca's Strait to the Pacific ocean." But to this is added the following proviso: "Provided, however, that the navigation of the said channel and Straits south of the forty-ninth parallel shall remain free and open to both parties." Here we have a definition of Vancouver Island which extends it to the middle of the Strait of Juan de Fuca.

The grant mentioned required the company to colonize the Island, and Mr. Blanchard was sent out in the same year as governor of the new colony, clothed with power to establish courts, an executive council and all the other machinery of colonial government, and to create an elective legislature. This authority was in pursuance of an Imperial statute of the same year, wherein it is also declared that "all islands adjacent to Vancouver Island or to the western coast of North America and forming a part of the Dominion of Her Majesty, as are southward of the fifty-second parallel of north latitude" should be deemed to be a part of Vancouver Island. It is submitted that the conveyance to the Hudson's Bay Company, the royal commission and instructions to Governor Blanchard and the Imperial act of 1849 must be all read together, and that so read they constitute an erection of the colony of Vancouver Island, embracing the Island of that name, the land under the sea to the middle of the Strait of Juan de Fuca, and the islands along the shore of the continent south of the 52nd parallel. (A question arose later as to Texada, but that is immaterial for the purposes of this letter.)

The grant to the H. B. C. was voidable under certain conditions, and under any event at the option of the crown at any time after May, 1859, when the crown might re-enter into possession of all the rights it had transferred to the company upon payment of certain sums of money. The actual transfer by the company to the crown of all its interests in the Island was not made until 1867, but a letter from Mr. Dallas, manager of the H. B. C. at Victoria, to the Colonial Secretary, says that the company's obligations under the grant ceased on May 30th, 1859, which therefore may be accepted as the date when the crown re-entered into possession of the Island. After that date and as long as Vancouver Island remained a separate colony, the "country lands" or "crown lands," as they were called interchangeably, were administered by the Governor of the colony under direct instructions from the colonial office in London. I find two proclamations by Governor Douglas, made in pursuance of directions from Her Majesty's government, and bearing upon this subject. One is dated in 1861, which was revoked by another made in the following year. These proclamations prescribed how "country lands" or "crown lands" might be acquired, and they continued to govern the matter until 1870, that is, until after the union of the colonies of Vancouver Island and British Columbia.

In the year last mentioned the legislature sought to acquire control of the public lands of the colony, that is the new colony formed by the union. It did this by passing an ordinance on the subject. The fact that the matter was dealt with by ordinance and not by statute indicates that the legislature did not consider that it at that time had any right to deal with the public domain. An ordinance differs from a statute, although the distinction between them may not be very clearly defined. While both, after they have been proclaimed or enacted, as the case may be, are equally law and binding upon all subjects of the realm, an ordinance only needs the co-operation of two of the estates of the realm, but one of these must be the crown. Hence the colonial legislature by the ordinance of 1870 provided that it should be inoperative until it received the assent of the crown and had been proclaimed. These conditions were complied with in the same year, and thereby the government of British Columbia became vested with full control of the public lands of the colony.

This at least was the intention of the ordinance, but the language employed to define to what it extended was not very happily chosen. It defines crown lands as "all lands of the colony held by the crown in fee simple." The same definition, with the substitution of the word "province" for "colony," occurs in the statute of 1875, and it remained unchanged until 1884, when the definition "all lands of the province held by the crown without incumbrance" was adopted. The crown does not hold the public lands of this country "in fee." It has the "directum et absolutum dominium." A tenure in fee implies some overlord under whom the land is held. There can be no doubt, however, as to what was intended by the ordinance, although by the strict construction of the language there was nothing in British Columbia to which it could be applied. The expression is interesting as casting some light upon what the legislature meant in 1884 by defining crown lands to be those held "without incumbrance."

In 1871 British Columbia became a part of Canada, and thereupon its legislature became subject to the provisions of the British North America Act. These, so far as they affect territorial questions, appear to be four in number. The management and sale of the public lands belonging to the province, and authority to legislate as to property and civil rights, both of which were vested in the legislature, and the control of navigation and shipping and of coast and inland fisheries, both of which were vested in the federal parliament. The expression "public lands belonging to the province" employed in the B. N. A. Act, must, I admit, be taken in a territorial sense, and not in relation to title. I find no imperial statute or proclamation, gubernatorial commission or royal instructions vesting the ownership of public lands in the provincial governments. Hence after 1871 it seems that the provincial legislature of British Columbia became vested with the management and sale of, inter alia, the lands under the sea between the shore of Vancouver Island and the middle of the Strait of Juan de Fuca, and with the full control of all the civil rights of the public therein, subject only to such powers as were vested in the federal parliament in relation to navigation and fisheries, and also subject to the right of free navigation reserved to citizens of the United States by virtue of the treaty of 1846.

It is submitted that the public right of navigation is not an "incumbrance" upon the land over which the water lies, but only a civil right, which the legislature may deal with, that the crown alone having the direct and absolute dominion, can create an incumbrance, and that the right of United States citizens to the free navigation of the territorial waters of British Columbia is not an incumbrance, but is only in the nature of an easement. Hence it is submitted that the lands under the sea are lands of the province held by the crown without incumbrance, and therefore come within the definition of "crown lands" now in force.

In the regard to the right of free navigation enjoyed by citizens of the United States, it is submitted that whether anything authorized to be done by the local legislature is or is not an interference with this right is a question of fact, and that not every impediment in navigable water is an interference with navigation, but only such as are actual and substantial obstructions to the navigation of such waters in a reasonable way by competent navigators.

CHARLES H. LUGRIN.

WATER, LIGHT AND POWER.

To the Editor:—I have read the communications of Mr. Barnard and Mr. Lubbe, which have appeared in the local papers, and although I am not a holder of stock in either of the companies represented by those gentlemen, I am a consumer of the commodities controlled by both, and therefore claim the right to express my views in the controversy that has arisen between the waterworks company, the corporation and the tramway company.

I am not versed in the figures that Mr. Barnard presents, and I do not propose to discuss them until I shall have familiarized myself with them; but as he admits that his company entered into the contract with the water company with their eyes open, the wail to which he gives vent seems out of place. He surely cannot expect the public to sympathize with him if he got, as he tells us, the lean end of the stick. But in common with the whole community I am interested in knowing all about the "secret agreement" that was entered into between the city corporation and the tramway company, which agreement was formulated as a plot (I use the word advisedly) to hand over to Mr. Barnard's company a monopoly of the power and lighting interests. Mr. Lubbe exposed and defeated that scheme, just as it was on the eve of being carried out, and our citizens are indebted to him for the sturdy opposition which he offered to it, at the risk of breaking, as Mr. Barnard puts it, with his biggest customer.

Why does Mr. Barnard refrain from alluding to the secret agreement? It is the key to the whole controversy. It is the Alpha and Omega of the entire question. But for its existence the ratepayers would not have been favored with Mr. Barnard's letter or Mr. Lubbe's reply. Besides, there is another element that occurs to me here, and which gives rise to a suspicion that Mr. F. S. Barnard was the "man behind the gun" when the agreement fell like a bomb upon our startled city. Under any and all circumstances his first duty was to conserve the interests of the city. He was elected for that purpose. The civic seal was placed in his hands with a feeling of confidence that it would be used only in furthering the public weal. How has he discharged that trust? Has he allowed the interests of the company of which his brother is managing director, and of which he himself is an employee, to hold a first place in his affections? In the secret agreement, in the preparation of which His Worship was undoubtedly a party, where is there to be found a single saving clause under which the city can shelter itself from spoliation and its citizens from being harried to death with outrageous charges for light and power, aye, and for water, too, for imagine the Esquimalt water in the hands of the tramway company and contemplate the result.

Mr. Barnard makes no illusion to the recent purchase of the gas works by his company. Again I ask, why? Because by that purchase he has shut off all competition in the lighting field, and flat rates, which were competitive rates, are now things of the past. Ask consumers the effect on their bills, and they will give a decided and emphatic answer that in June and July, the two months with the longest days, the bills were doubled, and that they are contemplating with feelings of dismay the prospective bills of next winter.

Some time ago tenders were called by the city of Vancouver for the electric lighting of the streets of that town. Now, although the tramway is the only company that has an established plant at Vancouver, another company, called the Stave River Power and Lighting Company, has been floated in London, and will shortly be in a position to supply power and light. Well, the Stave River Company put in a bid in competition with the tramway company, and what happened? The tramway company's bid, which was less than one-half the figure it demanded and received from the city before, the Stave River Company came into existence, was the lowest and carried off the prize. The rate now paid per lamp for 375 lamps is $93.07 per year. The new tender is $50 per lamp per year for a five-year contract, and $40 per light for a ten-year contract, a saving of from $16,125 to $19,875 per annum on the existing contract.

Now suppose (I will only suppose the case, for I cannot believe it possible that Mayor Barnard will be able to mould the city council into a shape that will enable him to achieve his purpose, viz., to hand the city over to the tender mercies of his brother's company) that the Esquimalt Water Company's property should pass into the hands of the tramway company, which has already swept the gas companies of Victoria and Vancouver out of existence, where would the city's interests be then? It is quite on the cards that such a calamity will occur, unless our citizens are alert and active. Readers may not all agree with me at this moment, but they will later on, as the discussion proceeds, see that this matter overshadows in importance and consequences any that is now agitating the public mind.

With your permission, Mr. Editor, I shall return to this subject at an early date.

MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP.

"CRYSTAL" PALACE.

To the Editor:—I have read with much pleasure "Canadian's" two letters: "Desires Information" and "Fickle Goddess of Pleasure." I particularly admire his sentiments under the latter title, and I feel sure that it is only by such careful reasoning that the community will be kept clear of the wild scheme with which it is proposed to burden it.

Of Another Victorian and his "Giving Information." I must admit that his satire and sarcasm do him credit. After seeing his production in print, he should in his calmer moments feel like (to use a slang expression) crawling through a knot-hole, and drawing the hole in after him.

I would not enter the controversy, but "Giving Information" is more than I can stand, and keep quiet.

YOUNG CITIZEN.

August 21, 1905.

THE PEOPLE'S BILLY.

Toronto Star.

O yes, I love a bit of strife,
Can out-talk any old fish-wife,
And wield with vim my ready knife
On friend or foe.
Why, that's my chiefest joy of life—
As well you know.

So, if you ask me how it came
That I kept mum in that "grab" game,
And proved so wonderfully tame,
And mild, and meek?
My answer is—my tongue just then
Was in my cheek.

With artful guise I lured them on—
Both sides—until my check was won—
Then, like a good and duteous son,
I saw my chance,
And stabbed them, every mother's son,
With my free lance.

So, youngsters, take a fake's advice,
First get your quid at any price,
And, when you've stowed it good and nice
Within your pocket,
Why, then, shoot off your virtuous voice
Just like a rocket.

O. K.

BILL NYE ON HIMSELF.

Denver Times.

The late Bill Nye replied as follows to a correspondent who inquired about his habits of work and life:

"When the weather is such that I cannot exercise in the open air I have a heavy pair of dumbbells at my lodgings, which I use for holding the door open. I also belong to an athletic club and a pair of Indian clubs with red handles. I owe much of my robust health to this.

"I do most of my writing in a sitting posture or in an autograph album. When I am not engaged in thought I am employed in recovering from its effects. I am very genial and pleasant to be thrown amongst.

"I dress expensively, but not so as to attract attention. In the morning I wear morning dress, in the evening I wear evening dress, and at night I wear night dress."

WHY HE KEPT AWAY.

London Daily Mail.

Henry Arthur Jones is credited with the following story of Beerbohm Tree: "Mr. Tree," said the playwright, "met a friend of his one afternoon in Regent street. The two stood and conversed a little while, and then Mr. Tree said, 'Have you been down to see me act lately, my boy?' 'No, too poor,' said the other. 'Too poor,' Mr. Tree exclaimed; 'why, you spend enough on wine and cigars—' 'I don't mean I'm too poor, I mean you're too poor,' he said."

LEATHER GOODS

Call and see our New Leather Goods, consisting of TRAVELLING BAGS, with sterling silver fittings; WRIST BAGS, latest styles; JEWEL CASES, CIGAR and CIGARETTE CASES, PURSES and POCKETBOOKS, BLOTTING BOOKS, plain or silver-mounted.

All of the best quality, well finished and at moderate prices.

C. E. REDFERN, 43 Government St. 'phone 118 P.O. Box 93

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David Spencer LIMITED
Western Canada's Big Store

Sale of Women's Neckwear at 15c.

Regular Value 25c, 35c and 50c

This lot of Neckwear was purchased at a fraction of their value, being late in the season.

On Sale Tuesday

THE PRESCRIPTION DRUGGISTS

Terry & Marett
S. E. Cor. Fort and Douglas Sts.

RED JACKET
"So Easy to Fix"!
FORCE AND LIFT PUMPS
For Descriptive Catalogue, apply to
THE HICKMAN TYE HARDWARE CO., LD.,
32 and 34 Yates Street, Victoria, B. C.
P. O. DRAWER 613. TELEPHONE 59.

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T. N. Hibben & Co.
CARRY THE LARGEST STOCK OF ALL THE OLD AND NEWLY AUTHORIZED SCHOOL BOOKS IN THE CITY.
They are Supplying the Best 5 cent and 10 cent Exercise Books on the Market.

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Gives relief. Makes hard roads easy.

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Easiest Yet

COTTAGE

Of five rooms, bath and pantry

5-8 Acre of Land

Excellent soil, good garden

$200-00 Down

Balance $15.00 per month

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I am now offering at reasonable prices and to suit purchasers some of the finest sites in Victoria suitable for residential purposes; also acreage, good rich soil, ideal for fruit growing. For further particulars apply to

JAS. A. DOUGLAS

Real Estate Office,

20 BASTION ST.

Great Remnant Sale

Commencing Friday, July 28th

Of Silks Ladies' Underwear, Blouses, &c., &c., at Specially Low Prices.

Bon Ton Company

156 Government Street

Any lady or gentleman who has left orders is requested to call for same immediately.

Almost Given Away

Four roomed cottage and full sized corner lot, near car line, will be sacrificed.

Only $200.

Cash acts. Balance of $450 at $20 every three months. Call and get particulars at our office.

GRANT & CONYERS

NO. 2 VIEW ST.

Opp. Main Entrance to Driard Hotel.

CITY NEWS IN BRIEF

—During the month of August only, watches cleaned, 75c.; mainspring, 75c. W. B. Shakespeare, 34 Government street.

FOR SUMMER COMFORT

Keep the blood cool by using PERSIAN SHERBET, LIME JUICE, CITRATE OF MAGNESIA as your only summer beverage. To be had at special prices in gallon or half gallon quantities, at the

B. C. DRUG STORE

Tel. 356. 27 Johnson Street.

J. TEAGUE, Proprietor.

—Take in a supply of "SLAB WOOD" before the wet weather sets in. To be had at Lemon, Gonnason & Co.'s mills. Telephone 77. Prompt delivery.

RUPTURE

Why don't you have that Rupture treated by Heard's method? Office 76 Yates street, upstairs.

—The Mutual Life of Canada stands at the head of all Canadian Life Companies in the percentage of profits earned of its income for the year 1904, as shown by the government blue books, being 14.73 per cent., the highest of any company in Canada, while its expense rate was the lowest. It will pay you to insure in this company. For rates apply to A. B. McNeill, special agent, or R. L. Drury, manager, 34 Broad street.

When washing greasy dishes or pots and pans, Lever's Dry Soap (a powder), will remove the grease with the greatest ease.

—We have just received our first shipment of fall woollens, consisting of Scotch and English suitings, pantings and overcoatings. They are of superior quality, and artistic designs. We will be pleased to show them to you. W. D. Kinnaird, the cash tailor, 62 Johnson street.

HOW WINTER GARDENS RUN AT BOURNEMOUTH

Clerk Gives Particulars of Operation of Large Amusement Place There —Controlled by Corporation.

The Crystal Palace-Winter Garden propect has certainly become a red-hot subject for controversy. For the nonce it seems to have dwarfed the water question, judging by the numerous letters that have been contributed to the newspaper columns by writers representing affirmative and negative sides. The first contest will be fought out in the council, perhaps to-night, and it is quite evident that the councillors are not unanimous. Just precisely how they stand it is too early to say, but there is likely to be an interesting debate before the measure reaches the ratepayers. The details of the scheme have not yet been made public, the letter of Secretary Cuthbert, giving particulars, having been taken as read in public session, the intention being to more fully consider the essentials subsequently. Mr. Cuthbert has been in communication with the authorities of Bournemouth, England, with regard to an institution similar to the one proposed for Victoria, which is operated there and has received the following reply:

Town Clerk's Office,
Bournemouth, 29th July, 1905.

Dear Sir:—It is very difficult to give an answer to your letter of 14th instant, but I will give you the best information I can.

1. The corporation have established public parks, golf courses, bowling greens, cricket, football and hockey grounds, tennis courts and the like, have erected a pier, laid out extensive public gardens and drives, and established at the winter gardens a pavilion in which concerts are given twice daily all the year round by a permanent orchestra of 45 performers.

2. It is impossible to say how much has been expended in developing the town for visitors as distinct from residents. The whole object of the municipality has been to make the town attractive and interesting to both classes.

3. The corporation do not expend any money in advertising, except to the extent necessary to let the public know what is going on upon the piers and at the winter gardens, but a committee of townsmen spend about £500 per annum in general advertising of the town and its attractions.

4. The provision of public music involves an expenditure of from £8,000 to £11,000 per annum, but this is almost counterbalanced by the receipts.

5. The places of amusement almost pay directly, and certainly do indirectly.

6. I think if your municipality were to proceed upon similar lines to Bournemouth success would result.

I send you copy of the Official Guide, which will give you fuller information, and also copy of the last published abstract of accounts of the corporation.

I am, yours faithfully,
GEO. W. BAILEY.

Mr. Herbert Cuthbert, the Tourist Association, Victoria, B. C., Canada.

JAPAN IS MAKING RAPID PROGRESS

CORRESPONDENT TELLS OF ADVANCES MADE

Mr. Dinwiddie, of New York World, Was Passenger on Shawmut, Arriving To-Day.

Mr. Dinwiddie, a correspondent of the New York World, who has been in the Orient for the last six or seven months and is now on his way to the great American metropolis, arrived here to-day from Japan on the steamship Shawmut. He travelled across the Pacific in company with Major Seaman, author of "From Tokio to Manchuria," and Frank Mathews, the latter's private secretary. All three are authors, among other books which Mr. Dinwiddie has written being "Industrial Porto Rico," "Industrial Cuba" was written by Mr. Mathews.

Mr. Dinwiddie was one of the correspondents in Japan who was able to get to the front early in the war. He was with Kuroki's division and had seen all the engagements up to the battle at Liao Yang. He kept moving from one command to another, and in this way was always able to see what was taking place. With the Japanese officers there was always a fear that the correspondents accompanying them would get killed or that as foreigners they might in some correspondence divulge some important information concerning the movements of the army. But the correspondent was well treated throughout and Mr. Dinwiddie is one of the few who have come from the Orient with no complaint to make. He was extended every reasonable courtesy and is so proud of the country that he calls himself a strong pro-Japanese. The great secret of the Japanese successes, Mr. Dinwiddie remarked in conversation this morning, is their organization. They had prepared for everything during the war save perhaps the correspondent, and the newspaper men worried them. They came in such strong numbers that the problem of what to do with them became a serious one. There was a common bond of sympathy between officers and men in the Japanese army which was entirely absent among the Russian forces. The Russians made the fiercest fighters in the world, said Mr. Dinwiddie, but they lacked organization. Their officers drank and caroused and they always held aloof from the men. On the other hand the Japanese officer was perfectly free with the units of his army. He would converse with them and even eat with them, perhaps at the same table, but there was always a distinction in cast which was never ignored.

There was still another important factor which worked to the success of the Japanese, and this was the methods of hygiene which they employed. The record of one man sick to every one wounded, said Mr. Dinwiddie, is one of the most remarkable in the history of warfare, for the statistics show that it is usually five men sick for every one wounded. The Japanese forces, too, went into territory occupied by Russians where disease was known to have been prevalent, and it was found that they were comparatively immune from sickness. They took every precaution to safeguard against disease, boiling water which they drank wherever possible, and adopting other hygenic measures recommended by the highest medical authorities.

Mr. Dinwiddie has been making a study of the industrial life of Japan trying to fathom what the success of the war will be to the nation and what she will become by the time another twenty years have elapsed. The war, he says, is no longer a field for the special correspondent, and it is left now almost exclusively to the press agency. Mr. Dinwiddie spent the last two or three months of his sojourn in the Orient in travelling through Japan. He has concluded that the country is destined to be one of the greatest industrial centres in the world. The advancement being made, he says, is simply amazing. In illustrating this fact he referred to the iron works where young boys are taken in from the country and at the nation's expense are given an education in six months which they could not acquire in other countries in less than as many years. In a year these boys are become finished artisans. While they are gaining their experience they waste a great deal, but the nation reckons that this loss is more than offset by the progress being made by the nation as a whole.

All through Japan at the present time iron factories are producing projectiles just as fast as they can turn them out, continued Mr. Dinwiddie. And this is but one instance of the high degree of preparedness which the country is making in every direction. The government has mapped out a railway policy which will extend over the coming twenty years. In a similar manner it has calculated on every phase of industrial expansion—not that in Japan there is a belief in the government ownership of all public utilities. The government simply inaugurate an industry and having proven to its own satisfaction the success of any business then induce private enterprise to step in.

Mr. Dinwiddie tells of a smart piece of diplomacy on the part of Japan exemplified in the Bourgoyne case. Bourgoyne was a Frenchman who became a military attache. He was arrested on the charge of sending out news of the movements of the army from Hiroshina and also of the Japanese transports. Just before an important engagement he was accused of using the French minister's letter box. On trial he was convicted of the offence and was sentenced to eight years' imprisonment. He was, however, immediately released by the Emperor, the Japanese thus upholding the spirit of their law and at the same time accomplishing a shrewd piece of diplomacy in avoiding any international complications likely to arise out of the case, if Burgoyne was detained in prison. Major Seaman connected with the steamer Queen bound for the Sound on arrival, transferring from one steamer to another as soon as he reached the outer wharf.

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Also the Furniture and Fixtures contained in the premises situate at 58 and 60 Government Street, Victoria, B. C., and known as "The Westside."

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to noon on Saturday, the 26th inst., for:

The purchase of the merchandise on hand, either in separate departmental parcels or en bloc, for a lump sum.

The purchase of the Furniture and Fixtures in separate parcels, or en bloc, for a lump sum.

Further particulars may be had by inquiring at the company's office.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

E. CROW BAKER,

Liquidator for The Hutcheson Company Limited

Victoria, B. C., August 19th, 1905.

Marine and Shipping

With four thousand tons of cargo from Oriental ports and a good list of passengers the steamer Shawmut of the Boston Steamship Company, arrived this morning from China and Japan. She reports an uneventful and fine weather passage across the Pacific. The saloon list of passengers to arrive on the ship were: Mrs. Alyn, Mr. Burton, Mrs. Brodie, Master Brodie, Mrs. Barnsy, Miss Colton, Mr. Dot, Mr. Duff, Mr. Dinwiddie, Mrs. Drake, Mr. Deaman, Mr. Dacherz, Mr. Falter, Mr. Goudellier, Mrs. Goudellier, Mr. Goodhind, Mrs. Goodhind, Mrs. Howard, Miss Howard, Mr. Hartigan, Mrs. Haynes and infant, Miss Hayes, Master Hayes, Mr. Jawitz, Mr. Kidder, Mr. Long, Mr. Mathews, Mr. Miller, Mrs. Mumm, Mr. Morgan, Mr. McGuigan, Mr. Nuttinger, Mrs. Naki, Mr. O'Brien, Mrs. Pallies, Mrs. Raphall, Mr. Stuntz, Major Seaman, Mr. Sarle, Miss Stewart, Mr. Smith, Mr. St. John, Mrs. Taylor, Master Taylor, Col. Tuthcrly, Mrs. Tutherly, Mr. Tong Fro-man, Miss Wall and Capt. Wheate.

FROM SKAGWAY.

Steamer Princess May, of the C. P. R. fleet, reached port from Skagway this morning, having had on her arrival at Vancouver last night 40 passengers. Among them were Mr. Bigger, of the Dominion boundary survey party; Mr. Gear and wife, Mr. Lee, vice-president of the Chicago Railway Equipment Company, and Mrs. Beatty.

Advices come from the north in the steamer's mail of an important mineral strike near Caribou Crossing. When the May left Skagway miners were stampeding to the place in large number, and from all reports the discovery is an exceedingly rich one.

The first accident in seven years occurred on the White Pass & Yukon route on the 11th, and one of the big Baldwin mountain climbers lies crippled and helpless in the canyon of the upper Skagway river, 150 feet below the track. It plunged headlong into its predicament at 2 o'clock in the morning, and fortunately no one was killed. The engineer, H. R. Simpson, and Fireman Moriarity escaped from the cab before it left the track. The latter sustained injuries, but Simpson was not hurt at all. Though Moriarity fell the entire distance, he followed behind the engine, and the force of his fall was broken by striking on the sides of the embankment. The accident was due to the washing out of a new fill, causing a section of the roadbed to slide out from under the track, leaving it in its regular position, but without support.

THE VENTURE IN.

Fishing continues on the Skeena river, but all the canneries on River's Inlet and Alert Bay are closed down. This is the principal news received through the arrival of the steamer Venture from the northern coast this morning. The ship called as usual at Vancouver on her return, and there landed many of her passengers. Those who came on to this city included Mrs. Rainey and son, Geo. Robson, W. Middleton, A. Lyon, Miss Tranter, Dr. Quinland, Mr. Hughes, Mr. Haswell and Mrs. Bullen.

MARINE NOTES.

Steamer Capilano, of Vancouver, has been hauled out on the ways of the Victoria Machinery Depot for a cleaning and painting. When she has been launched the dismantled barque Baroda will be taken on the cradle for similar treatment.

Steamer Edith was seriously damaged as a result of her collision with a rock in Seymour Narrows last Wednesday. The vessel has been taken to Tacoma. It is supposed that the ship's stern post has been completely torn away.

The steamship Empress of China, from Hongkong via Yokohama, is due to reach port to-morrow evening. She has 75 saloon passengers and over 100 in the steerage, besides a full cargo of general Oriental merchandise.

Owing to the big rush of freight to points in the Yukon, the C. P. R. steamer Amur, which has been lying idle for the past two months, was dispatched north on Sunday with a full cargo for Skagway.

Steamer Queen arrived from San Francisco this morning. The Umatilla of the same line will sail for the Golden Gate this evening.

TRYING EXPERIENCE OF TWO VICTORIANS

Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Goward Compelled to Spend a Night on Discovery Island.

A. T. Goward, local manager of the B. C. Electric Railway Company, and Mrs. Goward were the victims of an exceedingly unpleasant, not to say dangerous, experience last evening. They left Oak Bay in a small rowboat comparatively early in the afternoon, intending to troll for salmon almost as far as Discovery Island, and then return. Unfortunately the wind and tide interfered with the latter portion of this plan. The trip out was made without difficulty, but it was found impossible to make headway against the swift-flowing current and heavy wind when an attempt was made to again reach the protection of Oak Bay. Mr. Goward, therefore, promptly decided upon the only possible course under the circumstances. He landed on Discovery Island. Another effort was made later on to stem the tide, but again failed. Mr. and Mrs. Goward then resigned themselves to a night on the Island, and proceeded to make themselves as comfortable as the means at their disposal would allow.

This morning in conversation Mr. Goward told the circumstances of the occurrence in detail. The beautiful weather had tempted his wife and he to a row, and unwittingly they had gone out farther than was advisable. He then recounted his futile efforts to return and finally his determination to spend the night upon the inhospitable shores of Discovery Island. Asked respecting the accommodation, Mr. Goward said it had been very cold, but not unendurably so.

In the morning Mr. Goward tried on two occasions to cross the tide rip and reach the shore of the mainland, but did not meet with success. When turning back after the last failure the boat was sighted by the launch Dominion. It seems that friends of Mr. and Mrs. Goward, who had known they intended going salmon trolling, became uneasy at their prolonged absence. This feeling gradually developed into genuine anxiety, and through their efforts a search party was organized. The launch Dominion was chartered to explore the water off Oak Bay. It started out at about 4 o'clock this morning, and shortly after arriving at the scene Mr. and Mrs. Goward were sighted, just having given up their second effort to reach Oak Bay.

Needless to say Mr. and Mrs. Goward are very grateful to their rescuers. Naturally the former was almost exhausted as the result of his exertions in the effort to make headway against the tide rips. To-day they are receiving the congratulations of their friends on their timely escape from a very trying situation.

FIREMEN ENTERTAINED.

Local Veterans Gave Californian Volunteers Pleasant Time During Their Stay Here.

Last evening visiting members of the Veteran Volunteer Firemen's Association left for the Sound by the Steamer Princess Victoria. Their stay here, according to the general expression of opinion of those in charge of the party, was one round of pleasure. When they dispersed after the parade held on Saturday morning, an account of which has already appeared in these columns, they were taken in hand by local veterans, and everything possible done to provide for their entertainment. In the afternoon they were escorted to the provincial museum, where Curator Kermode recounted the histories of the principal curios included in his collection. The evening was spent viewing the attractions of the city.

Yesterday morning the party was taken up the Gorge in rowboats. All expressed the utmost admiration for the beauties of the Arm, and seemed to enjoy the excursion. The afternoon was occupied at Beacon Hill park. Here also the visitors were very much pleased with what was shown them. They boarded the steamer the same evening for the Sound, after thanking Chief Watson and members of the committee, whose hospitality was responsible for a really splendid time.

According to the plans of the Veteran Volunteer Firemen's Association, it is their intention to spend a couple of days in Seattle, and almost a week at the Lewis and Clark exposition, Portland, Ore., before returning to their native state, California.

CREAM ON CORNS

Our Corn Cream positively cures corns in three nights. Send 15 cents in stamps and we will mail full size box with

2 Corn Cushions Free

D. V. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Shampooing
Facial Massage
and
Scalp Treatment

MRS. KOSCHE'S Hairdressing Parlors

55 Douglas St. Phone 1175.

IS INSPECTING THE EXPERIMENTAL FARM

Dr. Saunders, the Director, Has Arrived From Ottawa—New Fruit Test Is Proposed.

Dr. Saunders, director of experimental farms, having his headquarters at Ottawa, arrived from the East yesterday, and will leave to-morrow for New Westminster, where he will arrange for the space to be occupied by the Agassiz experimental farm exhibits at the Dominion exhibition. He will afterwards proceed to Agassiz on his annual visit of inspection, and subsequently will go to Edmonton and Calgary. It is proposed to establish one or two experimental farms in the new province of Alberta, probably one in the north and one in the south, and the doctor will collect all the information possible in regard to available sites before returning to Ottawa.

Dr. Saunders, who left Ottawa, a fortnight ago, made short stops at the farms at Brandon, Indian Head and Agassiz. At the latter point it is proposed by his department to introduce an innovation in the work of the farm, namely, the plating of an experimental commercial orchard. Heretofore, the purposes of the farm have been confined to the raising of different varieties of fruit for demonstrating the adaptibility of the soil and climate of the province for their growth, but it is now intended, said Dr. Saunders this morning, to test the fruit raised from the standpoint of its commercial value. The government, however, has no intention to enter the business feature of the work more than to make the commercial experiments.

Dr. Saunders regrets that he cannot visit the Dominion exhibition at New Westminster, but says his department will be well represented. J. H. Grisdale, the agriculturist, will come out to assist in the judging, while Mr. Hay, of the exhibition branch, will assist Mr. Sharpe, of Agassiz, in preparing a Dominion exhibit. As Mr. Hay designed the famous "Granary" arch erected in Whitehall, London, at the time of the coronation, something out of the ordinary may be expected.

From what he has seen, the British Columbia crops appear to be good this year, while in Manitoba and the Northwest they could not be better, especially in the Indian Head district, where the government has its station established. This is one of the finest districts in the whole Northwest, and the station referred to has done much to advertise it.

In British Columbia Dr. Saunders says the grain and hay crops have been heavy. Apples and plums are plentiful, but the pear crop is light.

PAPER MEN HERE.

Messrs. Barber & Ellis Visiting the West for First Time.

Jno. F. Ellis, and his partner, Mr. Barber, of the well known paper firm of Barber & Ellis, are in the city, and intend leaving to-morrow evening on the return journey to the East. Both gentlemen are seeing the West for the first time, and the fact that they are together might prompt the suspicion that they were on the look-out for business opportunities in this province similar to those which they have employed to such good advantage in the East. This, however, is not the case. In the opinion of both the time is not yet ripe for the establishment of a factory capable of turning out all grades of paper on this Coast, for the simple reason that the population is not here to consume it.

That the population is coming they have no doubt, and that it is an ideal country to which to come they are equally sure. In fact they are charmed with British Columbia. Neither of them have been west of Winnipeg before, and the present trip has been one of perpetual delight. They are enthusiastic over British Columbia for which they predict a great future.

"We came together and let the office and the mills run themselves," said Mr. Ellis this morning, "or to be accurate, Mr. Barber's son is running the mills and my son is running the offices. They came out here two years ago together with the Canadian Manufacturers' Association, and we are just simply taking up their cue."

Barber & Ellis have several factories throughout Ontario and their head offices in Toronto.

1000 New Edison Gold Moulded Records

JUST RECEIVED

Call and hear the latest music in the wonderful Gold Moulded Records on the EDISON PHONOGRAPH.

M.W. Waitt & Co. Ld.

44 GOVERNMENT ST.

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GENUINE HALF PRICE SALE

Every article in the store will be sold POSITIVELY AT HALF THE REGULAR MARKED PRICE until the entire stock is cleared off.

Stevens & Jenkins

84 DOUGLAS ST.

New High Arm Drop Head

Sewing Machines

$25.00

This is the same machine for which $28.75 is asked in local department stores.

Don't fail to inspect this bargain, if you are looking for a sewing machine.

FLETCHER BROS.

Agents for "Domestic," "Eldredge" and "Expert" Sewing Machines.

SUMMER DAYS

Are the days for outside sports. We can supply you with all kinds of Sporting Goods, Croquet, Tennis, Lacrosse, Cricket and Baseball Goods.

JOHN BARNSLEY & CO

115 Government Street.

Building Lots

FOR SALE

HOUSE BUILT ON THE INSTALLMENT PLAN.

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CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER,
LEIGHTON ROAD.

J. E. PAINTER,

GENERAL TEAMSTER.

WOOD AND COAL At Current Rates

Wood cut any required length by electric machinery. Truck and Dray work promptly attended to.

RESIDENCE, 17 PINE ST., V. W.

The Last Week for

Preserving Peaches

Order at Once.

Mowat's Grocery, 77 Yates St.

HUNTERS PREPARE FOR OPEN SEASON

SHOOTING COMMENCES ON FIRST OF SEPTEMBER

Grouse and Dear Will Soon Become Lawful Game—Reported Fairly Plentiful—Notes.

Victoria sportsmen are beginning to prepare for the shooting season, which, as far as deer and blue and willow grouse are concerned, opens on the 1st of September. Firearms, which have been laid aside since the first of the year, are being taken from their cases, burnished up and tested, in order that there may be nothing to interfere with an early start on the morning of the first day of the open season. Nowhere on the Pacific Coast is the sport more generally appreciated than in Victoria. The 1st of September always has been recognized as a holiday by many local business men, and, judging from present indications, the same will be the case this year. Hundreds will hie themselves to resorts the unsuspecting birds are known to frequent, and, often an intervals of seven or eight months, their annual period of tribulation will commence.

The usual reports of a scracity of birds are going the rounds in sporting circles, but the most experienced hunters do not place much credence in these rumors. It is generally believed, however, that the blue grouse are not as plentiful as in former years. But should this actually be the case, it is gratifying to know that those who are responsible for the statement also assert that the coveys of willows are larger than hitherto. So that if the one variety is not as numerous, the increase in the number of the other will even matters, thus assuring enthusiasts of excellent shooting.

Since the organization of the fish and game club, much has been done by its officials and members to enforce the provisions of the Game Act and otherwise assist in the preservation of the game of Vancouver Island. The secretary of the organization, J. Musgrave, announced some months ago that he had interviewed the managers of the E. & N. and V. & S. railroads, and succeeded in having a fee imposed upon all dogs taken into the country during the close season. The object of this was to prevent the disturbance of birds during their breeding period, and, as all sportsmen will recognize, was a very wise move, as nothing is so unlikely to wipe out the prospects of whole coveys than the ubiquitous setter when allowed to wander over the country without check. Now, however, that the open season is about here Mr. Musgrave has succeeded in securing a promise from the railway managers that from the 1st of September there shall be no charge for dogs.

The energies of the fish and game club have not been confined to the matter outlined. At a recent meeting it was agreed that an enactment should be passed making it legal to shoot mountain quail during the same period as blue grouse. Those who expressed this opinion pointed out that the latter game almost invariably was found in the same places as the quail, and besides disappeared about the first of October, when the blues began to get scarce. For this reason a deputation was appointed to wait upon the government. Their interview was most favorable, and a gazette notice declaring mountain quail open on the first is expected any day.

Respecting deer little need be said. It becomes lawful to shoot them on the opening day of the ensuing month. As far as can be gathered they also are numerous, abounding particularly in the Sooke hills and the district surrounding Shawnigan lake. In addition ducks become lawful game from the 1st. Pheasants, which are reported to be particularly numerous, especially in the Saanich district, will be brought in on the 1st of October by order in council.

Discussing the prospects to-day, a member of the fish and game club corroborated the report that blue grouse are not plentiful. He explained the fact by stating that the wet weather experienced towards the close of the month of May must have killed off a great many broods. The birds, he said, are just hatching at that period, and such weather could not help but be serious in its effects. According to the same gentleman the willows are more than usually plentiful. He predicts a very enjoyable shooting season, and no doubt all local disciples of Nimrod hope that the prophesy will prove well founded.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.

ANNUAL MEETING.

The annual meeting of the Celtic club was held on Friday evening at the Badminton hotel, Vancouver. There was a large attendance, and the prospects for the ensuing season are exceedingly bright.

The secretary-treasurer, A. C. Stewart, submitted his report, which showed a balance remaining on the right side. The report was adopted and a vote of thanks tendered the retiring secretary for the valuable assistance he has rendered the club in the past.

The president, J. W. Wallis, presented a report on the past season, which was unanimously adopted.

The election of officers for the ensuing year resulted as follows: Hon. president, R. G. Macpherson, M. P.; hon. vice-presidents, W. A. Randalp, R. H. Sperling, C. E. Tisdall, J. G. Crawford, J. J. Banfield, C. Gardiner-Johnson, C. D. Rand, J. Colcutt and His Worship Mayor Buscombe; president, J. W. Wallis; vice-president, D. Robertson; secretary-treasurer, W. Payne; captain, W. Payne; vice-captain, W. Scott; match committee, Messrs. W. Taylor, A. Wells, R. W. Timms, D. Robertson, J. McIntyre; executive committee, Messrs. Wallis, Robertson, Payne, Scott, Stewart; delegates to provincial league, W. J. Risk, D. Robertson; trainer, H. McColl.

The club will use the Brockton Point grounds this season.

The Celtics won the championship of the Mainland Association last year, and the boys hope to be as successful again this season. Several new players have joined, and the officials of the club feel confident of the success of the eleven this season.—Vancouver News-Advertiser.

YACHTING.

CONSOLATION RACE.

Rochester, N. Y., Aug. 19.—Aemilius Jarvis, skipper of the Canadian yacht Zoraya, sailed the defeated candidate for the Canada cup challenger over the finish line in to-day's consolation race off Ontario beach an easy winner over the Rochester, the defeated candidate for the Canada cup defender. The latter was sailed to-day by William Miller, of the Rochester Yacht Club. Jarvis led the way all round the course after the first leg. The Zoraya won by five minutes three seconds.

CRICKET.

A CLOSE MATCH.

Saturday's match between the Victoria and Garrison teams resulted in a victory for the former by a margin of 4 runs. The Victorians went to bat first, Martin pitting Warden and Tye against the bowling of Williams and Wright. W. York followed the latter, who was caught from the first ball delivered, and ran up four before allowing his wicket to be taken by a slow ball. Cobbett was the next man to bat, and he also was cleaned bowled without any score. Barnacle made his appearance and his careful but aggressive style brightened Victoria's prospects to a considerable extent. Thirty-six runs had been accounted for before Warden was retired. The other batsmen followed in regular order, but none could stand for any time against the splendid bowling of their opponents, Luxton, with 7 runs, reached the highest figure after the retirement of Warden. Sixty-three runs closed the innings.

The Garrison went in with excellent prospects, and their first batsmen established records which made things look ominous for the home team. Barnacle and Cobbett bowled for Victoria. Robertson and Knight had taken the score to 24 before the former was beaten. Then wicket after wicket was taken, or the batsmen retired from the field, until the side was out for 59, giving the Victorians the game.

Appended is the score:

Victoria C. C.

Q. D. H. Warden, c Williams, b Wright	17
B. Tye, c Wright, b Williams	0
J. W. D. York, b Williams	4
H. R. N. Cobbett, b Wright	0
J. C. Barnacle, run out	20
D. M. Rogers, c Bunbury, b Byrne	5
A. F. R. Martin, b Wright	0
A. Coles, c and b Byrne	5
G. A. Taylor, c Knight, b Wright	0
A. P. Luxton, b Byrne	7
F. W. Ashby, not out	0
Byes	3
Leg byes	2
Total	63

Garrison C. C.

Corp. Robertson, b Barnacle	15
Corp. Knight, b York	10
Sergt. Sergeant, c Rogers, b Barnacle	0
Capt. Wright, c Martin, b Barnacle	5
Capt. Williams, c Ashby, b Barnacle	11
Capt. Bunbury, b Taylor	1
Gr. Byrne, b Taylor	3
Lieut. Hood, b Barnacle	0
Lieut. Yates, c York, b Barnacle	8
Gr. Ford, b Taylor	0
Gr. Fitzsimmons, not out	3
Byes	1
Leg byes	2
Total	59

BASEBALL.

A GINGERY GAME.

A Bellingham dispatch of recent date says:

"The old adage that 'money makes the mare go' was exemplified anew to-day when the war horses of the Bellingham ball team, with $500 back salary in their pockets, played gingery ball and took the Bunchgrass aggregation into camp by the score of 4 to 3. It was a pitchers' battle between Franklin and Califf, and honors were even. Califf's support was a little steadier, and the locals led throughout the game. The feature was the work of Stickney in centre field. Eight flies, some of them difficult, were sent out his way, and he captured them all."

LAWN TENNIS.

THE J. B. A. A. FINALS.

Some first-class matches took place at the Kingston street courts on Saturday afternoon. Owing, however, to the number of scheduled games it was found impossible to play all the finals of the James Bay Athletic Association handicap tournament. The men's doubles were completed and resulted in a win for F. A. Macrae and J. Leeming, who defeated L. York and E. Carr Hilton in two straight sets, the score being 6-3, 6-4. The ladies' singles also were decided. This championship went to Miss C. Hardie. It was decided that as the other finals could not be played they should be postponed until next Saturday, and then held in connection with the bankers' tournament.

One of the first of Saturday afternoon's contests was that between C. Schwengers and L. York. It was exciting, lasting three sets and finally going in favor of the former. York played in very good form and was exceedingly accurate in most of his returns. This is all the more notable when it is remembered that he devotes very little of his time to the pastime, his favorite exercise being cricket.

During the afternoon refreshments were dispensed by the ladies, and Rev. Baugh Allen presented the prizes.

The results of the various matches follow:

L. York beat C. Schwengers, 1-6, 6-4, 6-3.

J. Heyland beat L. York, by default.

J. Leeming beat J. Cambie, 6-2, 4-6, 6-3.

J. Hart and J. Heyland beat J. Cambie and B. Prior, 6-2, 6-4.

E. C. Hilton and L. York beat J. Hart and J. Heyland, 5-7, 6-3, 7-5.

F. A. Macrae and J. Leeming beat E. C. Hilton and L. York, 6-3, 6-4.

Miss C. Hardie beat Miss Leeming, 2-6, 6-4, 6-4.

SWIMMING.

INTERESTING RACES.

Quite a crowd gathered at St. Clair's swimming baths on Saturday afternoon to witness the annual competitions. The swimming and diving contests were particularly interesting, all attracting a large number of entries. H. J. Dunn and Arthur Langley gave satisfaction as judges.

The results follow:

Scientific swimming—1st, Max Clark; 2nd, W. Creech.

Scientific swimming (girls)—1st, Madge Griffin; 2nd, Rhoda McGeary.

Diving (boys)—1st, A. Lindsay; 2nd, Max Clark.

Diving (girls)—1st, Rhoda McGeary; 2nd, Madge Griffin.

Life-saving team—1st, Max Clark and A. Lindsay; time, 55 seconds.

Life-saving team (girls)—1st, Rhoda McGeary and Madge Griffin.

Emergency race—1st, Gus McKinnon; 2nd, M. Clark; 3rd, Mathews.

Emergency race (girls)—1st, Miss Erskine; 2nd, Rhoda McGeary.

Winner of Mayor Barnard's prize—W. Baugh Allen.

THE RIFLE.

REGULAR SHOOT.

At Clover Point range on Saturday the regular spoon shoot took place, but the wind was so strong that all long range shooting had to be declared off. Some of the best scores follow:

	200.	500.	600.	Hcp.	Tl.
Gr. Sharpe	27	30	31	8	96
Sergt. Anderton	30	29	33	..	92
Q. M. S. Winsby	31	25	33	..	89
Gr. Strachan	28	28	25	8	89
Capt. Angus	26	28	22	8	84
Corp. Richardson	24	25	23	8	80
Corp. Doyle	23	24	25	8	80
Sergt. Leffloe	23	28	28	..	79

LACROSSE.

VANCOUVER'S VICTORY.

"Vancouver's twelve 'good men and true' again did the trick on Saturday, and for the second time in succession defeated the New Westminster team in the third game of the championship series by a score of 4-3," says the Vancouver News-Advertiser. "It was a grand game, and to say that the spectators were pleased, is to put the matter mildly.

"It is safe to say that never in the history of the game in Vancouver has there been more diversity of opinion as regards the respective merits of the two teams than there has been during the past week. On all sides have been found followers of the game who could not make up their minds as to the probable outcome of the match. Figures and records were alike no help in forming a forecast. Everyone was, however, convinced that both teams were in fine condition and that good lacrosse would be played, and in that they were not disappointed. In fact, many such games as that of Saturday and nerve doctors would be in great demand in Vancouver. Fathers of families, yes, and mothers, too, were feeling and acting for all the world like ten-year-old school boys. And when, towards the end of the fourth quarter, Vancouver adopted New Westminster's old dodge and played 'rag,' the row and noise were as if Bedlam had been let loose.

"Playing 'rag' is scarcely legitimate lacrosse, and it is, perhaps, hardly the right thing to commend in the players, but there could be no doubt as to the spectators being delighted that the Royal City team were given a little of their own medicine. And the dose was administered in the most professional and effective manner.

"The referee, although an old Westminster player, was fairly good. There is no getting over the fact, of course, that Blood will persist in remaining thicker than water, and there were times in plenty when he winked the eye at the Red Shirts instead of hauling them up with a short rope. A referee nowadays only lasts for one or two games in this part of the country, and there is great danger of the supply running out.

"The men on both teams were going all through and there was scarcely a moment long enough between to draw a good breath. For the Royal City team, Bryson, Feeney and Jim Gifford, of the younger men, were conspicuous. The rest of the old brigade played with their usual style and seemed to go strongly till the end. The local boys all 'did themselves proud,' and if any two men are to be singled out they are Doublas and Gibbons. The former played a grand game on the home and little Davy Gibbons in the nets was 'a wonder.' That word just about expresses the game he put up. Shot after shot he turned away, even after the enemy had cheered for a goal and tallied it in their minds."

Following were the officials: Referee, Chas. Snell; time-keepers, J. J. Johnson, A. Larwill; penalty keepers, J. McMurphy, E. O'Callaghan; umpires, C. D. Peele, M. Barr.

HOW THEY STAND.

Appended is the present standing of the league:

	Won.	Lost.
New Westminster	6	2
Vancouver	5	3
Victoria	3	5
Seattle	2	6

POSTCARDS AS PRIZES.

The Surrey education committee have decided to discontinue the practice of giving picture postcards for regular attendance at the elementary schools throughout the county.

THE HUB

For good, imported, domestic and local cigars and tobacco, also headquarters for all Athletic Sports.

COR. GOV. AND TROUNCE AVE.

'PHONE ...

Dug. Munro and Billie West

PROPRIETORS.

The Alaska Pumice Stone Hydraulic Cement and Trading Co. Ld.

CAPITAL $50,000

In 50,000 shares of the par value of $1.00 each. Incorporated under the laws of British Columbia.

W. I. WARNER, President. D. FRASER, Vice-President. A. P. BLYTH, Secretary and Treasurer.

Bankers: The Royal Bank of Canada.

Head Office: 65 Fort Street, Victoria, B. C.

The above Company has been formed for the purpose of mining and marketing pumice stone ground and unground, the manufacture of hydraulic cement and building material made from pumice stone, and carrying on the business of fishing and trading in Alaska and British Columbia.

The Company owns the only accessible pumice stone mines in North America. The market for pumice stone is large and constantly increasing. Heretofore the supply has come mainly from Italy, subject to a duty of twenty per cent. in the United States. There is no duty coming into Canada. A process has been discovered whereby ground pumice can be manufactured into building material of all kinds, shapes and colors. Pumice is supposed to be decomposed asbestos, thereby making a perfectly fire-proof building material. For tiling, roofing, etc., owing to its lightness and durability it has no equal, and the demand for the product in this shape will be practically unlimited.

The mines are situated in Alaska, within one mile of the bay.

In the bays in the neighborhood of the mines large schools of herring are found during nine months of the year. These herring are of a very superior size and quality; samples of them may be seen at the head office of the Company. It is the intention of the Company to conduct extensive operations in the herring industry and also a general trading business in furs and other commodities.

Of the capital 30,000 shares are paid to the vendors for 8 leases of 20 acres each and all other assets, as per agreement, and 20,000 shares are placed in the treasury, 12,000 of which are offered to the public at 50 cents per share, 25 cents cash on subscription, and 25 cents in 3 months.

It is expected that at least sufficient pumice and herring will be marketed this fall to recoup the Company for the present investment and subsequently a large and profitable business will be established.

This is a rare opportunity to invest in an industrial proposition, the element of speculation being removed by the fact that the pumice is visible in unlimited quantity, and the market price over cost of production warrants large profits to the Company.

The market for herring in Japan, Australia, and in the mining districts of British Columbia is great and constantly increasing.

Application for shares may be made at the Head Office of the Company, 65 Fort street, Victoria, B. C., where samples are to be seen.

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SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST HOMESTEAD REGULATIONS.

Any even numbered section of Dominion Lands in Manitoba or the Northwest Provinces, excepting 8 and 26, not reserved, may be homesteaded upon by any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years of age, to the extent of one-quarter section, of 160 acres, more or less.

Entry may be made personally at the local land office for the district in which the land to be taken is situated, or if the homesteader desires, he may, on application the land to be taken is situated, or if the to the Minister of the Interior, Ottawa, the Commissioner of Immigration, Winnipeg, or the local agent for the district in which the land is situate, receive authority for some one to make entry for him.

HOMESTEAD DUTIES: A settler who has been granted an entry for a homestead is required to perform the conditions connected therewith under one of the following plans:

(1) At least six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each year during the term of three years.

(2) If the father (or mother, if the father is deceased) of any person who is eligible to make a homestead entry under the provisions of this Act, resides upon a farm in the vicinity of the land entered for by such person as a homestead, the requirements of this Act as to residence prior to obtaining patent may be satisfied by such person residing with the father or mother.

(3) If the settler has his permanent residence upon farming land owned by him in the vicinity of his homestead, the requirements of this Act as to residence may be satisfied by residence upon the said land.

APPLICATION FOR PATENT should be made at the end of three years, before the Local Agent, Sub-Agent or the Homestead Inspector.

Before making application for patent the settler must give six months' notice in writing to the Commissioner of Dominion Lands at Ottawa, of his intention to do so.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTHWEST MINING REGULATIONS.

Coal.—Coal lands may be purchased at $10 per acre for soft coal and $20 for anthracite. Not more than 320 acres can be acquired by one individual or company. Royalty at the rate of ten cents per ton of 2,000 pounds shall be collected on the gross output.

Quartz.—A free miner's certificate is granted upon payment in advance of $7.50 per annum for an individual, and from $50 to $100 per annum for a company according to capital.

A free miner, having discovered mineral in place, may locate a claim 1,500x1,500 feet.

The fee for recording a claim is $5.

At least $100 must be expended on the claim each year or paid to the mining recorder in lieu thereof. When $500 has been expended or paid, the locator may, upon having a survey made, and upon complying with other requirements, purchase the land at $1 an acre.

The patent provides for the payment of a royalty of 2½ per cent. on the sales.

PLACER mining claims generally are 100 feet square; entry fee $5, renewable yearly.

A free miner may obtain two leases to dredge for gold of five miles each for a term of twenty years, renewable at the discretion of the Minister of the Interior.

The lessee shall have a dredge in operation within one season from the date of the lease for each five miles. Rental, $10 per annum for each mile of river leased. Royalty at the rate of 2½ per cent. collected on the output after it exceeds $10,000.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

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IN THE MATTER OF THE "COMPANIES WINDING UP ACT, 1898," AND AMENDING ACTS, AND IN THE MATTER OF THE LONDON AND CANADIAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

Notice is hereby given that the London and Canadian Fire Insurance Company, Limited, having gone into liquidation under the above Acts, has appointed Arthur R. Wolfenden, of number 40 Government street, accountant, its liquidator for the purpose of such winding up.

The creditors of the above named company are required on or before the 18th day of September, 1905, to send their names and addresses and the particulars of their debts or claims and the names or addresses of their solicitors (if any) to the said Arthur R. Wolfenden, the liquidator of the said company, and if so required by notice in writing from the said liquidator are by their solicitors or personally to come in and prove their said debts or claims at such time and place as shall be specified in such notice, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are proved.

Dated this 12th day of August, A.D., 1905.

BARNARD & ROGERS,
Law Chambers, Victoria, B. C.,
Solicitors for the Liquidator.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners, at its next sitting, for a transfer of the license held by me to sell by retail wines and liquors upon the premises known as the Queen's Hotel, situate at the northwest corner of Store and Johnson streets, in the City of Victoria, to Wm. Baylis, of the City of Victoria.

SIMON LEISER.

Dated this 19th day of August, 1905.

A BROKEN-DOWN SYSTEM.

This is a condition (or disease) to which doctors give many names, but which few of them really understand. It is simply weakness—a break-down, as it were, of the vital forces that sustain the system. No matter what may be its causes (for they are almost numberless), its symptoms are much the same; the more prominent being sleeplessness, sense of prostration or weariness, depression of spirits and want of energy for all the ordinary affairs of life. Now, what alone is absolutely essential in all such cases is *increased vitality*—vigour—

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to throw off these morbid feelings, and experience proves that as night succeeds the day this may be more certainly secured by a course of the celebrated life-reviving tonic

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than by any other known combination. So surely as it is taken in accordance with the printed directions accompanying it, will the shattered health be restored,

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and a new existence imparted in place of what had so lately seemed worn-out, "used up," and valueless. This wonderful restorative is purely vegetable and innocuous, is agreeable to the taste—suitable for all constitutions and conditions, in either sex; and it is difficult to imagine a case of disease or derangement, whose main features are those of debility, that will not be speedily and permanently benefited by this never-failing recuperative essence, which is destined to cast into oblivion everything that had preceded it for this wide-spread and numerous class of human ailments.

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Wholesale from Henderson Bros., Ltd., Victoria.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway

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Between Victoria, Shawnigan Lake and Intermediate Stations.

Leave Victoria.		Leave Koenigs (Shawnigan Lake).
9.00 a.m., 2.00 p.m., 4.00 p.m.	Sunday	10.42 a.m., 6.30 p.m.
9.00 a.m., 6.10 p.m.	Monday	7.25 a.m., 10.42 a.m., 7.50 p.m.
6.00 a.m., 9.00 a.m., 6.10 p.m.	Tuesday	7.25 a.m., 10.42 a.m., 7.50 p.m.
6.00 a.m., 9.00 a.m., 4.00 p.m.	Wednesday	7.25 a.m., 10.42 a.m., 6.30 p.m.
6.00 a.m., 9.00 a.m., 6.10 p.m.	Thursday	7.25 a.m., 10.42 a.m., 7.50 p.m.
6.00 a.m., 9.00 a.m., 6.10 p.m.	Friday	7.25 a.m., 10.42 p.m., 7.50 p.m.
6.00 a.m., 9.00 a.m., 4.00 p.m.	Saturday	7.25 a.m., 10.42 a.m., 6.30 p.m.

FARE FROM VICTORIA TO SHAWNIGAN LAKE and return, one dollar. Ten trip family tickets, $2.50 each. For Sundays only, fifty cents return.

FARE FROM VICTORIA TO GOLDSTREAM and return, fifty cents. Ten trip family tickets, $1.75 each. For Sundays only, thirty-five cents return.

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Philadelphia $87.50

Dates of sale, September 7th to 11th.

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Steamship tickets on sale to all European Points. Cabin accommodation reserved by wire.

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and at rates as low as can be had on inferior lines. Eight fast trains daily between St. Paul and Chicago, making close connections with all Pacific Coast trains in Union Depot, for all eastern and southern points.

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LEAVE VICTORIA, 7.30 P.M.

City of Puebla, Aug. 31, Sept. 15, 30.
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Steamer leaves every fifth day thereafter.

EXCURSIONS around the Sound every five days.

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For South Eastern Alaska

LEAVE VICTORIA, 4 A. M.

S. S. Cottage City, Aug. 25, Sept. 9, 22.

LEAVE SEATTLE, 9 P. M.

S. S. Cottage City, Humboldt and City of Seattle, Aug. 24, 26, 28, Sept. 4, 8, 9, 14, 19, 21.

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For further information obtain folder.

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Oceanic S.S. Co. HAWAII, SAMOA, NEW ZEALAND AND SYDNEY. DIRECT LINE TO SAMOA.

S. S. MARIPOSA, for Tahiti, Sept. 11.
S. S. VENTURA, for Auckland, Sydney, 2 p. m., Thursday, Aug. 31.
S. S. ALAMEDA, sails for Honolulu, Saturday, Sept. 9, 11 a. m.

A. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO., Agts., Ticket Office, 643 Market St., Freight Office, 327 Market St., Pier No. 7, Pacific St.

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86 GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

PROVINCIAL NEWS.

VANCOUVER.

Invreases of salary for the city treasurer and his assistants will be recommended by the finance committee. At a meeting of the committee Ald. Halse, chairman, brought up the question of an increase of salaries to the staff of the city treasurer's office. The chairman first of all called attention to the salary paid to Mr. Baldwin, the treasurer. Considering the responsibility of his office and the length of time he has been in the city's service, he was of opinion that his present salary, $2,000 per year, was insufficient. He thought his salary should be $2,400 per annum. This was agreed to unanimously. The salaries of the treasurer's clerks were then considered. At present the salaries are as follows: Woods, $80 per month; Holland, $60; Van Sickle, $50; Schooley, $60. It was decided that the first three salaries should be raised $10 per month and that of Mr. Schooley $5 per month. Ald. Williams mentioned that they should consider that the clerks only worked seven hours a day, which they themselves cut down to 6½ hours, while they also had all holidays. The chairman said the hours would be settled in the New Procedure By-Law. In answer to another query, he said he did not think any overtime had been allowed this year. He further mentioned that under the new Procedure By-Law only the heads of departments would be permanent officials.

NEW WESTMINSTER.

At 9 o'clock Friday morning Thomas Ryan, who escaped from the chain gang at Queen's park on Tuesday last, was recaptured at Mission by Guards Kelly and Payne. Ryan managed to sneak off when none of his warders were looking, and in this way he secured quite a lead. On Friday the two guards were sizing up the situation at Mission when they arrived at the junction station, and there was Ryan as large as life. They lost no time in apprehending him, and with their prisoner arrived in this city safely on the noon train. Ryan was heading for the international boundary line at the time of his departure, and had he succeeded in eluding the guards he would have been safe in a few hours. He was serving a three months' sentence for stealing at the time of his escape, and had put in only one month.

Alfred Wintemute, who is employed at the British Columbia Electric railway car shops in this city, had an experience the other day which came very nearly costing him his life. He had gone up on a platform to shift one of the belts, and in leaning across another piece of moving leather the sleeve of his working jacket caught between the belt and the wheel. In a moment Mr. Wintemute was jerked off his feet, but he managed to reach out his left arm and brace himself against a hanger. Before the machinery could be stopped the fast-revolving pulley had jerked his shirt and jacket from his back, and had badly bruised his right arm. Mr. Wintemute was removed to Dr. Rothwell's office, where his bruised member was dressed, and now, though unable to resume his work, he is able to be about.

"One of the real old-timers in the person of Sequilatsa, was in town Friday, and through the medium of Chinook and an old friend, J. C. Armstrong, he was introduced to and conversed with several citizens," says the Columbian. "Sequilatsa hails from the Indian reservation near Matsqui, and to anyone who wishes to question him, he will tell a good deal of the unwritten history of the country in the early days. When asked how old he was, the venerable aborigine replied that he was 105 years of age and when one suggested in English that the old gentleman was romancing, he explained that at his home he had the writing to prove he had seen that many snows, or winters. He says he is the only one left of all his family or immediate friends of his youth when the first white men made their way over the Rockies and down the Fraser. He knew Yale and Governor Douglas and many others of the old pioneers. In the course of conversation, salmon were referred to and Sequilatsa recalled one of the big runs of sockeyes, not humpbacks, many years ago. He could not give the exact date, but his quaint illustration shows that the run of fish in those days was certainly not smaller than now, in spite of all the hatcheries. At the place he spoke of he said the salmon were so thick in the water that when he threw a stone at one on the surface it took quite a time for the stone to zig-zag through the fish to the bottom."

FERNIE.

"Mike Buffalino, an Hungarian living at Michel, will spend the next two months at Jailor Beaudwin's boarding house because of a zealous but unsuccessful attempt on his part to become over much married. Mike has a wife living in the Old Land, but became enamored of a young girl of his own race living at Michel with the result that he applied at the government office last week for a marriage license. In the meantime the ever vigilant constable Sampson at Michel was not idle. He learned that Buffalino's wife was living in the Old Country, and he notified the priest of the fact. The latter was asked to perform the ceremony, and he refused. Then Buffalino was charged with unlawfully securing a license. He was unable to pay the $200 fine, and is now serving his time."—Free Press.

The Morrissey hotel, of Morrissey, owned by Jules Hurel was destroyed by fire Tuesday evening. The Morrissey was a neat frame building, and with its contents was valued by Mr. Hurel at $6,000. The property had $3,000 insurance. The fire spread so rapidly that Mr. Hurel was unable to save some money, which he had upstairs in his room.

Two miners, Louis Santonie and Wm. Adlam, were severely injured in numbers 5 and 2 mines respectively on Thursday. Santoni was mining on a bench of coal at the face when a large piece fell from in front and above him, struck him in the face and threw him to the ground, breaking his right leg three inches above the knee. He was taken to the hospital. Adlam was driving a horse in No. 2 with a trip of 10 boxes of coal. On his way to the summit of one of the rises on the road he failed to spring the cars, and on reaching the top the horse refused to stop and turned on the downward grade. The result was a runaway, in which Adlam, who was sitting in front of the foremost car was thrown to the ground. He was found in a dazed condition with bad bruises on the leg and with his fingers badly lacerated. He was carried home on a stretcher, and attended to by the colliery surgeon. The horse was found at the foot of the grade badly injured and unable to rise.

CRANBROOK.

Robert L. Beard and Charles McGuire, of Spokane, who are interested in some valuable coal areas in the Flat Head district, were in town last Monday. They have had eight men working for the past month. The result of the work done up to the present time is most satisfactory. They have one vein that they are crosscutting from one wall, and have gone over forty feet and have not yet found any trace of the other wall.

When George Turner and his party returned from their visit to the Marysville smelter and Sullivan mine, a representative of the Herald saw Mr. Turner at the Cranbrook hotel. When asked for his impressions of the smelter which he had seen for the first time and the conditions of the mine, Mr. Turner expressed himself in a most enthusiastic manner as more than pleased. He said that the smelter looked like business, and that everything was in a most satisfactory condition. "It has cost a lot of money," said Mr. Turner, "but we have now what we want in the way of a smelter. There is now no doubt about the success of the Heberlein process of treatment of that class of ore, but to increase our capacity it will be necessary to increase in planting of various kinds. This will probably be done this fall. The mine is in fine shape, and we are able to get all of the ore that we want.

NELSON.

"The recent visit of Messrs. T. Cunningham and T. G. Earl and Fred Adie, district fruit inspector, was most opportune, and may be the means of saving the local orchards from the spread of disease," says the News. "During a leisurely visit to the ranches above the city on both sides of the river, symptoms of an incipient fungus disease were discovered in several orchards. The owners were at once warned and instructed in the most effective methods of dealing with the evil. The orchards were found to be singularly free from insect pests. Fruit from several British Columbia ranches, not in the Nelson district were found to be affected with disease. Some were being offered for sale in Nelson, but were seized and destroyed by Inspector Adie. All the visiting officials spoke highly of the zeal and diligence of the local fruit growers in keeping their orchards clean and in maintaining a high standard of quality for their fruit. All were advised to exercise the greatest care in selecting nursery stock, and, as far as possible, to prefer home grown stock to any imported from the East or from the United States."

REVELSTOKE.

Fire in S. McMahon's blacksmith shop and carriage works, First street, did damage estimated at about $2,500. The upper story was practically all burned, and considerable stock which was on hand also destroyed. There is $2,000 insurance on the building and $2,000 on the stock.

GRAND FORKS.

Work in the 300-foot tunnel just run on the Seattle property near here has been discontinued, the long looked for ore body having been reached. It is the intention of the management to commence at once to run another tunnel at the base of the mountain, which will parallel the first tunnel and gain depth of 75 feet.

COW DRAGGED BOY TO DEATH.

Lad Had Tied Rope Around Wrist and Received Fatal Injuries in Runaway.

Tacoma, Aug. 20.—Ward R. Percival, the 8-year-old son of E. L. Percival, an employee of the Puget Sound Flouring Mills Company, living on the reservation, was dragged a quarter of a mile by a runaway cow yesterday, and died before he could be brought to the hospital.

The accident was witnessed by Dr. C. H. Kinnear, who gave the boy medical attendance while waiting for the ambulance, but he was so severely injured that his life could not be saved.

The boy and his cousin were bringing in four cows to the Percival home, and young Percival had a rope around the neck of one of the cows.

Boy-fashion he tied the rope around his wrist and was trudging along chatting with his cousin when the cows suddenly stampeded. Percival was dragged along the road for a quarter of a mile before the cow stopped. His left arm was broken and his skull fractured, and he suffered fatal internal injuries.

Dr. Kinnear accompanied the ambulance to the hospital, but before it arrived the boy had died.

SEATTLE DOCTOR'S DEATH.

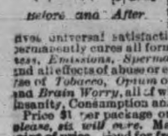
Fell From Roof of Hotel and Was Killed.

Seattle, Aug. 19.—Dr. Edward W. Shead, with officers in the Walker building, fell from the roof of the Madison hotel at Eighth and Madison shortly after midnight. His skull was fractured and he died in a few minutes.

As had been his custom he went to the roof to enjoy a smoke. No one witnessed the accident, and how it occurred is not known. It is supposed he was walking about and fell off.

Dr. Shead came here from Boston eight months ago, and has since enjoyed a liberal practice. He was 40 years old and unmarried.

Wood's Phosphodine,



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Price $1 per package or six for $5. *One will please, six will cure.* Mailed promptly on receipt of price. Send for free pamphlet. Address The Wood Company, Windsor, Ont., Canada.

Wood's Phosphodine is sold in Victoria by all responsible druggists.

COMMUNICATIONS.

THE FUTURE OF VICTORIA.

To the Editor:—It never entered into the minds of the Victoria citizens ten or fifteen years ago, or even less, to conceive what was ultimately to be the destiny of Victoria. For almost twenty years her citizens strenuously sought to induce some railway company to make its terminus at Victoria. Her merchants strove to keep the volume of the wholesale business of British Columbia here, and upon these two matters Victorians pinned their faith for a large city. It cannot be said that these efforts have been very successful. True, the salmon canning industry at Esquimalt will have a beneficial effect upon business in Victoria, but this is something of recent growth and is due largely to peculiar circumstances and to the enterprise of energetic, wealthy business men acting in their own interests, which are fortunately identical with those of Victoria. It is to the advent of strangers and to the prospective influx of them in the future that Victoria's brightest prospects are bound up. What Los Angeles is, so will Victoria be if her citizens stand by her loyally, and the wealth that has come to retailers and other business men and to owners of real estate, particularly residential property in that city, is bound to come to us. To the working man, particularly to those engaged in the building trades and to contractors and builders, the prosperity will also come. Just so sure as the "handwriting was on the wall" upon a certain well known occasion, so sure is the "handwriting on the wall" of Victoria's coming prosperity.

Almost unperceived, gradually like the rising of the sun, the attention of a great railway corporation has been drawn to our fair city and to the value of its scenery and climate. When a movement was made by Victoria citizens to spend money in advertising, it was little thought what mighty potentialities would be awakened thereby for Victoria's good. Little by little benefits were derived, visitors commenced to come in in increasing numbers, hotels commenced to improve their accommodation and transportation companies to run better boats. Almost in the beginning it was made evident to the greatest corporation on the continent that there was money in bringing tourists to Victoria, and, therefore, they decided to accede to the request that had been made for years, to build one of their palatial hotels in this city. Until that time the C. P. R. had not one dollar invested on Vancouver Island; today they have $3,000,000 at least, and it is with them now a business proposition in their own interests to pull for Victoria. From that moment things have looked different to the average citizen. We have certainly had some drawbacks in the meantime, but these could not be foreseen. Anyone who understands business life in Victoria to-day, and who knows what the loss of the navy means and have watched other nearby cities growing up and competing for our trade know full well the condition of affairs prevailing during the past three years. Had it not been for the extra money placed in circulation by the large number of visitors Victoria's condition would have been a most unenviable one during this time, and our merchants would have had hard work to make both ends meet.

The interior of Vancouver Island has long been recognized by some of us as one of the greatest tourist countries in America. Its attractions cannot be surpassed by any other stretch of territory in the west, and evidently it is now appreciated by a great railway corporation who have the means, not only to make the attractions known to the outside world, but also to develop its various possibilities. Its value to this corporation can only be estimated by themselves. They know how they are able to draw passengers along their own and by other lines to Victoria as a tourist centre and then have them radiate to such places as Shawnigan lake, Goldstream, Cowichan, Maple Bay, Alberni and all the old and new resorts we have, or they soon will be established, on the Island. They are able to advertise extensively our magnificent assets in fish and game, knowing the value placed upon them by wealthy sportsmen in all parts of the world. They know the value of our climate to such sportsmen, which, particularly in summer, is far ahead of that of any other tourist country. The tourist business of this year will be insignificant compared with that of two years hence and its effect on business will stagger those who are now skeptical, but shall we be able to take full advantage of it? By our own neglect we may lose half its value to us. It rests with our own citizens as to whether they will help out this work; whether they will do their share to make Victoria the Mecca of all tourists. There is really very little required, but that little is needed badly. The only fault visitors have to find with Victoria is that there is absolutely no amusement; there is nothing whatever to do. If it happens to rain or is stormy there is no place in which they can meet the citizens and enjoy any recreation.

The proposal to establish a winter gardens resort is along the lines required. The influence such an institution will have on keeping people in the city, and above all things in sending them away with an adequate idea of the progressive spirit of the citizens, can scarcely be estimated. Its value in dollars and cents cannot be calculated. From the published details of the features of the institution it seems as if it had been a crying necessity in Victoria for many years, but never so much as at present.

The erection of such an institution would give the C. P. R. to understand that the citizens are quite willing to do their share to develop the tourist business and to supplement what that corporation is doing by providing such things as appear to be must urgent. It will give the company confidence in the progressiveness of the people, and will help them to determine upon an aggressive policy and do what they might otherwise not contemplate.

In a future article, if you will afford me the space, I would like to call your attention to the prospects ahead of this city from the opening up to settlers of the Esquimalt & Nanaimo railway land. The great advertisement this city will receive from the development of the tourist business will help greatly to provide settlers for that land, and when it is opened up, coupled with the tourist business, there is not a city on the Pacific Coast that will have brighter prospects than Victoria. There may be larger cities, but none more prosperous for its population.

It will probably be a year and a half before the full effect of the events that are now maturing will be felt, but in the meantime the expenditure of $600,000 on the C. P. R. hotel, of $100,000 on sewers, of $150,000 on the winter gardens, and of the large amount that will be spent in permanent sidewalks, and other works of a permanent nature, will give employment to a large number of people and keep the city in a fairly prosperous condition. The watchword of the people should be progress. Let them pay no attention to those who, through a pessimistic spirit, continue to hold the city back, but let us support every proposal that calls for improvement and the beautifying of our city upon permanent and economical lines, and take a hand in working out our own destiny.

It would not be surprising to learn within a very short time that there is another transcontinental line thinking very seriously of Victoria as a tourist resort, and as a means of drawing a large passenger business to itself by giving publicity to our attractions. From certain rumors this is quite on the cards.

Since the above was written there has been a discussion on the winter gardens. It cannot be denied that much of the opposition has been from people who think their private interests would suffer. Some of the criticisms have been on the score of expense. They have held up the scheme to ridicule, because it would cost $150,000. That is hardly the way to look at it. It will cost the citizens just $7,000 a year. That is all, even if it does not pay any part of the interest, which is absurd. Now it is for the citizens to say whether they are prepared to spend $7,000 a year to provide something that will make this city the pleasantest and most up-to-date pleasure resort in Westren America. Is it worth while to spend this amount to help to bring into the city at least one million dollars every year and at the same time to provide one of the finest bands of musicians and delightful places of recreation on the Pacific Coast? (There does not seem to have been any mention in the description of the scheme of any vaudeville performance.) Can this city honestly pretend to develop the tourist business on a less annual expenditure. As an advertisement alone it is worth this amount. What would our pessimistic friends say if it were proposed to spend $1,000,000 in an advertisement, as the Portland people have done this year out of their own pockets. Their fair is nothing but a gigantic advertisement, and the people are satisfied with the results.

The aldermen and citizens should think over these matters very carefully. They have had some idea this year of the value of a large influx of strangers. Our future depends largely upon keeping this up, yet it is nothing to what can be done by the combined efforts of the city and the C. P. R. The proposal should not be turned down without the most serious and unbiased consideration, and certainly not on the criticism of people who are personally interested in killing it or of people who have not personal knowledge of these popular places of high-class entertainment, or of the benefits they have brought to other cities.

Victoria's future is bright, through an element never taken into consideration a few years ago, but it is not half so bright as a better enterprise can make it.

OBSERVER.

CORDIAL INVITATION

ADDRESSED TO WORKING GIRLS

Mlle. Robitaille Tells How Mrs. Pinkham's Advice Helps Working Girls

Mlle A. Robitaille

Girls who work are particularly susceptible to female disorders, especially those who are obliged to stand on their feet from morning until night in stores or factories.

Day in and day out the girl toils, and she is often the bread-winner of the family. Whether she is sick or well, whether it rains or shines, she must get to her place of employment, perform the duties exacted of her—smile and be agreeable.

Among this class the symptoms of female diseases are early manifest by weak and aching backs, pain in the lower limbs and lower part of the stomach. In consequence of frequent wetting of the feet, monthly periods become painful and irregular, and frequently there are faint and dizzy spells, with loss of appetite, until life is a burden. All of these symptoms point to a derangement of the female organism which can be easily and promptly cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Mlle. Alma Robitaille, 78 rue St Francois, Quebec, Quebec, tells what this great medicine did for her. She writes:

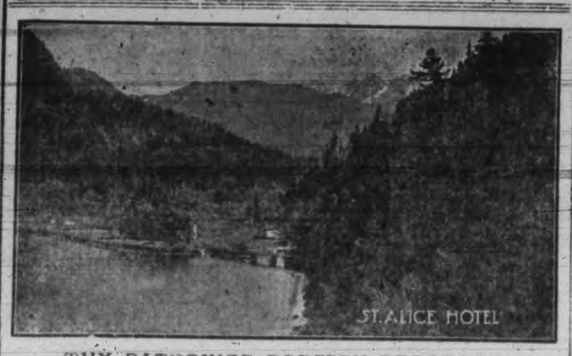
Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

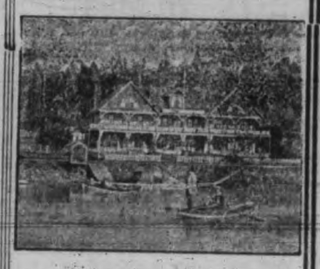
"Overwork and long hours at the office, together with a neglected cold, brought on a very serious female trouble until finally I was unable to go to work. I then thought of a friend who had taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound when her health was in the same condition that mine was and straightway sent out for a bottle. I finished that and took two more before I really began to improve but after that my recovery was very rapid and I was soon well and able to go back to work again. I certainly think your medicine for sick women worthy of praise and am indeed glad to endorse it."

It is to such girls that Mrs. Pinkham holds out a helping hand and extends a cordial invitation to correspond with her. Her long record of success in treating woman's ills makes her letters of advice of untold value to every ailing working girl, and from her wide experience and skill she quickly points the way to health. Her advice is free, and all letters are held by her in the strictest confidence. Address, Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.

This label in all genuine "Progress" Clothing

Sold by Leading Clothiers Throughout Canada





WHY PATRONIZE FOREIGN RESORTS?

Nearer home and IN YOUR OWN PROVINCE are the celebrated

HARRISON HOT SPRINGS

Noted as a pleasure resort and famous for the curative properties of the Mineral Waters in Rheumatism, Kidney, Liver and Stomach Diseases, etc. Rates—$2.00 to $3.00 daily; $12.50 to $17.50 weekly, according to location of room in Annex or Hotel. Coaches meet all trains.

BUY YOUR TICKETS FOR AGASSIZ.

Address all inquiries to THE MANAGER, ST. ALICE HOTEL, HARRISON HOT SPRINGS, B. C.

HOTEL STRATHCONA

SHAWNIGAN LAKE

Pleasure Boats, Fishing, Tennis and Croquet Lawns, Bath Houses, Etc

Mrs. J. H. WARK, - - - Proprietress

The Victoria Tourists' Favorite Road for Horse, Wheel or Motor

GOLDSTREAM HOTEL

ON THE E. & N. RAILWAY.

Ten miles from Victoria.

Surrounded by lanes and walks unequalled for variety and scenery.

LARGE AND AIRY BEDROOMS. FIRST-CLASS TABLE.

MODERN CONVENIENCES.

Rates by Day, Week or Month and for Families.

Picnic and Camping Parties specially catered for.

Short orders at any time of day.

J. R. DOWNES, - - Proprietor

BOATS FOR HIRE ON SOMENOS LAKE. EXCELLENT FISHING AND HUNTING.

QUAMICHAN HOTEL

FRANK CONROY, Proprietor

HEADQUARTERS FOR TOURIST AND COMMERCIAL.

DUNCANS STATION, B. C.

SEEING VICTORIA

Tourists will find that the most enjoyable way to see the most picturesque portions of the city and environs is by the popular Tally-Ho Coach, which leaves the Tourist Association Rooms and Hotels at 9.30 a. m. and 2 p. m. daily. Take along your camera and secure charming views of gardens, fields, sea and snow-capped mountains. To reserve seats telephone 129.

VICTORIA TRANSFER CO., LD.

19, 21, 23 BROUGHTON STREET. FOOT OF BROAD.

View the Bottom of the Sea THROUGH THE CLASS BOTTOMED BOAT

Leaves Oak Bay beach every hour from 10 a. m. Fare 25c. Special 15-minute trips on arrival of observation car. Fare 10c.

BRAY'S TALLY-HO COACH

Seeing Victoria along the famous Peach drive to Oak Bay, returning via Rockland avenue.

TWO TRIPS DAILY, 9 A. M. and 1.30 P. M.

Seats reserved at any hotel or by direct 'phone 13.

SHAWNIGAN LAKE HOTEL

SHAWNIGAN LAKE

The most perfectly appointed health and pleasure resort outside of Victoria. Twenty-eight miles' ride on E. & N. railway. Tennis and croquet lawns, pleasure boats, fishing and hunting. Get off at Koenig's.

Mrs. A. KOENIG, Proprietress

HOTEL GORDON

YATES ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

Cars to and from C. P. R. wharves pass the door.

Terms moderate for visitors requiring rooms only.

Mrs. J. Aberdeen Gordon, Proprietress.

'Phone 1018. P. O. Box 49.

Excursions TO Bedwell Harbor Fish Traps

The Iroquois on the Island trips gives excursionists a chance to see a fish trap working.

POINT COMFORT

Good bathing, boating and fishing. Sea breeze. No mosquitoes. Spring water. Take C. P. R. or steamer Iroquois.

E. MAUDE, MAYNE, B.C.

THE TIMES

Is mailed to any address in Canada or the United States at the following rates.

Daily, per annum -- $5.00

Semi-Weekly, per annum $1.00

Victoria Water Works

Tenders for Water Pipes

Tenders, sealed, endorsed "Tenders for Water Pipes," and addressed to the undersigned, will be received up to 3 p. m. on Monday, the 18th September, 1905, for the supplying of 1,000 feet of 12-inch and 12,000 feet of 4-inch cast iron water pipe, as per standard specification of the Victoria Waterworks, copies of which can be obtained at the office of the undersigned.

The pipes will require to be delivered on or before the 1st day of May, 1906.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

WM. W. NORTHCOTT, Purchasing Agent.

City Hall, 12th July, 1905.

It's a Lucky Thing

'Tis said, to see the new moon over your right shoulder. It's a lucky thing, too, for the men to have a laundry in town that they can depend upon every time, to launder their linen in the artistic manner that the new laundry does. When you want A1 work go to the

Standard Steam Laundry

PHONE 1017.

—FOR—

Good Dry Wood

—GO TO—

Burt's Wood & Coal Yard

51 Pandora St. Telephone 828 or 941.

COAL

J. Kingham & Co.

34 BROAD ST. PHONE 647.

LUMP OR SACK.....$6.50 per ton

NUT COAL ..... 5.00 per ton

PEA ..... 4.50 per ton

Delivered to any part within the city limits.

Agency for the New York Underwriters' Fire Insurance. Assets, Jan. 1st, 1904, $14,542,051.70.

QUEEN'S ACADEMY

Co. Rock Bay avenue and Henry street. Private day school for girls of all ages. Finely furnished schoolroom and large recreation grounds.

Autumn Session Commences September 5, 1905.

The names of new pupils not already arranged for must be sent in on or before August 28th.

For full information as to terms, etc., call on or address

S. D. POPE, LL.D., Principal.

TO JOB PRINTERS—Our artists are now making cover designs, sketches, etc., for the best catalogue work produced in the West. Send your ideas, and outline sketches will be furnished without charge. B. C. Photo-Engraving Co., Victoria.

Painless Dentistry

Dentistry in all its branches as fine as can be done in the world, and absolutely free from the SLIGHTEST PAIN. Extracting, filling, fitting of crowns and bridges without pain or discomfort.

Examine work done at the West Dental Parlors and compare with any you have ever seen and then judge for yourself.

Painless, Artistic and Reliable

Are the Watchwords of Our Office. Consultation and your teeth cleaned free. Full set, $7.50; silver fillings, $1.00 up; gold fillings, $2.00 up; gold crowns, $5.00 in fact, all operations as reasonable as our watchwords can make them.

Remember the address:

The West Dental Parlors, THE IMPERIAL BANK CHAMBERS, Corner Yates and Government Streets (Entrance on Yates St.)

Office hours, 8 a. m. to 6 p. m.; evenings, from 7 to 8.30.

Thirty days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease for pastoral purposes 120 acres of unreserved, unsurveyed and unoccupied Crown land situated at Bella Coola, Coast District, B. C., commencing at a post on the east bank of the Neetlets Conway river (about three miles above the bridge on wagon road), thence east 40 chains, thence north 40 chains, thence west 40 chains, thence in a southerly direction along river bank to point of commencement.

J. D. M'DONALD.

Bella Coola, B. C., June 20th, 1905.

A Chance for Farmers

Farm of 100 acres, splendid soil, good well, 4-roomed cottage, 15 acres in crop, 10 acres ready to plough, balance lightly timbered, $2,000, half cash, balance 6 per cent.; or will exchange for farm close to town.

Modern Cottage, Oallas Rd.

Hot and cold water, large lot, price $1,100; or exchange for farm convenient to town or station.

Browne & Kennedy, 8 Store Street

OUR REGULAR
SALE TO-NIGHT

Includes Tea, Coffee, Boots and Shoes Crockery, Glassware, Dress Goods, Blankets, Etc.

Furniture Sale, Wednesday, 23, Stock Sale, September 2nd.

T. EATON & CO.

AUCTION

TO-NIGHT

At 8 o'Clock.

At 92 Government Street

OF

Jewellery and Platedware

WE ARE DETERMINED TO CLEAR OUT THE BALANCE OF THIS LARGE STOCK.

Tremendous bargains were had on Saturday afternoon and night. We have held the best goods for the finish.

-HARDAKER-
AUCTIONEER

AUCTION

At Work Point Barracks

Under instructions from Major Bland, I will sell at his quarters,

Wednesday, Aug. 23

2 P. M.,

Desirable and Well Kept

FURNITURE

Two Overstuffed Settees, Overstuffed Arm Chairs, Overstuffed Sofa (all with English Chintz Covers), Rattan Arm Chairs, Rattan Rockers, Walnut and Enamelled Centre and Occasional Tables, Lady's Writing Desk, Oak Writing Table, Oak Cabinet, Oak Arm Chairs, Oak Rockers, Cosy Corner, Brass Lamp, Lounging Chairs, Down Cushions, Bric-a-Brac, China, Ex.- Dining Table, Chairs, Sideboard, Oriental Curtains, Fine Lace Curtains, Pictures, Glassware, Cutlery, Table Linen, Dessert Service, Carpet Sweeper, China Tea Set, Copper Breakfast Heater, Oak Chairs, Brussels Stair Carpet (11 yards), Rug 14x12, Do. 15x12, Do. 9x8.6, Art Square 9x12, Do. 9x12, Oak Dresser and Washstand, Chest of Drawers, Double and Single Enamelled Bedsteads, Wire and Top Mattresses, Camp Beds, 2 Child's Cots, Toilet Sets, Bed Linen, 3 Down Quilts, Pillows, Blankets, Go-Cart, Cooking Utensils, Garden Chairs, 2 Chicken Coops, Almost New Coachman's Livery, etc.

Doors open at 1 o'clock p. m. day of sale.

HARDAKER
AUCTIONEER

OTTAWA NOTES.

Meeting of the Cabinet on Tuesday—Prince Louis of Battenberg Will Visit Capital.

(Special to the Times.)

Ottawa, Aug. 21.—The Premier and fellow members of the cabinet are returning for a meeting of the council to-morrow.

Prince Louis of Battenberg will visit Ottawa on Thursday and address the Canadian club.

Three tramps calling themselves John King, Arthur Labelle and John Ames have been arrested under instructions from Detective McCaskille, in connection with the murder of Audette, the Canadian Pacific station boy at Farnham. All three are French-Canadians.

Le Bolide Spirit Lamps

A new and absolutely satisfactory spirit lamp. Will not explode. Easily filled, lighted and extinguished. Price 75 cents. Let us show you this line.

JOHN COCHRANE,
CHEMIST.
N W. Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts

Preserving Peaches

LAST WEEK FOR THIS FRUIT.

Place your orders with us and get selected fruit. - - - - - - -

Windsor Grocery Company,

Opposite Post Office. Government Street.

CHEAP Pure AIR

The initial cost of an
- - - ELECTRIC FAN - - - -
Is small. The power used is a bagatelle, viz—equal to one 16 c. p. lamp. - - - - -

KINTON ELECTRIC CO. Phone 38

HORRIBLE MURDER AT MOUNT SICKER

(Continued from page 1.)

said he thought "she was down there." Bibeau proceeded in the direction indicated and suddenly a shot rang out and he fell with a bullet in his stomach. Rising, he apparently turned to retreat and another shot was fired, taking effect in his shoulder, passing through his throat and severing the jugular vein. He again fell, expiring in a few minutes.

Fred Beach, the man who did the shooting, then stepped from behind the brush which had concealed him and calmly gazed about him. Some screams from the women at the Mt. Sicker hotel, who had witnessed the deed, attracted his attention and he levelled his rifle in their direction and fired twice. These were the shots that brought Mr. Thomas to a stop and caused him to retreat to the hotel. One of them passed very close to his head. The latter and the women, thinking the murderer would follow them with a fusilade, hastily sought shelter inside. Beach then turned towards the Lenora mine and quickly walked along the trail, over the Tyee dump, to his cabin. There he sat down and wrote three letters, which have been found, but the contents of which have not yet been divulged. In the meantime the miners got together, took charge of Mr. Bibeau's body, while the provincial police at Duncans were communicated with. Officer Lomas at once hurried to the scene, notifying first the headquarters at Victoria, and Provincial Constable Halhed of Chemainus. Arriving there the officers placed armed guards at all the roads and trails, and surrounded Beach's cabin near the Richard III. mine. Reconnoitering they found the place deserted. Beach had left the cabin, disappeared into the bush, and up to the time the Times went to press had not been heard of or seen.

So far the root of the deplorable affair is not definitely known in this city. It is said that Beach was infatuated with Mrs. Campbell, who is the widow of a miner, and who conducts a laundry. That he was threatening her is quite evident from the terrified exclamation of her little daughter who had run to the hotel for assistance. In fact it would appear that he had determined upon the destruction of the lady, for he had his weapon with him and it was loaded. Probably the sight of Mr. Thomas hastening towards Mrs. Campbell's house deterred him and the lady seeing her opportunity fled with her other two children.

Joseph Bibeau, the murdered man, was born in Minnesota and came to Mt. Sicker in the days of its discovery as a mining centre. He was one of the first men employed in the development of the copper propositions which have since risen to such prominence in the mining world. He was forty-two years of age and is highly spoken of by the miners. Latterly he had occupied himself in the conduct of a hotel at the camp. His slayer, Frederick Charles Beach, was born in England and is thirty-three years of age. He lived for a time in the the States and then came to Nanaimo, subsequently securing employment at Mount Sicker. He is a strong, well built fellow, about five feet ten inches in height. He is of fair complexion, has a red face and a heavy moustache. He also is well known in Mount Sicker camp. In some quarters it is believed he is deranged and in such a condition the efforts of the police will be more difficult than were he sane. Surrounded, he is likely to sell his life dearly, and with a weapon and plenty of ammunition he will make his pursuers exercise the utmost caution to effect his bloodless capture. An inquest over the body of the murdered man is being held to-day.

—Bandmaster Pfordner, of the Fifth Regiment band, selected a good programme for the concert in Beacon Hill park on Sunday afternoon, to which his musicians did full justice. The concert was largely attended.

HABEAS CORPUS

Proceedings Will Be Heard in Collins Case.

George D. Collins will appear before Mr. Justice Duff to-morrow morning, when the habeas corpus proceedings instituted by him will be proceeded with. On Saturday afternoon his counsel, W. J. Taylor, K. C., attacked the warrant of commitment on the ground that it was defective, in that it did not disclose conditions precedent to the jurisdiction of the judge to commit; that it did not contain a recital that such evidence was produced as would, according to the law of Canada, subject to the provisions of the Extradition Act, justify the committal for trial if the crime had been committed in Canada; that the warrant did not commit the fugitive to the nearest convenient prison, there to remain until surrendered to the foreign state or discharged according to law; and that the section in the act validating forms did not dispense with a description of the substance of the offence mentioned.

The hearing of the argument on this and the main question was adjourned until to-morrow morning. The prisoner spent Saturday night at the provincial jail, but last night slept at the city lock-up. The quarters at the provincial establishment were found very trying by the prisoner, and in view of the distressing effect it had upon him it was deemed wise to allow him the use of the matron's room at the city station. It was recognized that although he has been committed he has not been proven guilty in a trial of the charges laid against him, and in consequence he is permitted a greater measure of liberty. During the day arrangements have been made to enable him to be out under guard to give him every opportunity to prepare his case in company with his counsel.

HUNTERS' PICNIC.

Enjoyable Outing Under Auspices of Victoria Gun Club—Some Competitions.

There was a large attendance at the annual hunters' picnic held yesterday at Langford Plains under the auspices of the Victoria Gun Club. The morning train, which left the E. & N. depot at 9 o'clock, was crowded. On their arrival at the grounds it was found that the association officials had made suitable preparations, the club rooms being fitted up for the reception of visitors and an ample ammunition supply was provided for the use of the sportsmen intending to participate in the matches always held on this occasion. There were refreshments also, and everyone spent a most enjoyable day.

The forenoon was marked by a baseball match between teams selected from the membership of the Victoria Gun Club and the Yip Yip campers. It was a close contest and, during its progress, some exceptionally fast play took place. The score, after the last inning, was 3 to 2 in favor of the Victoria team, so that the character of the exhibition may easily be imagined. Members of both nines put up a really splendid article of ball, especially when their lack of practice is taken into consideration. The afternoon was devoted almost entirely to shooting competitions. In these the leaders in most instances were O. Weller, W. H. Adams, Lenfesty, and C. Bamfield. This quartette shot much better than any other contestants, their averages in every match being very creditable.

Appended are the best scores in the principal competitions:

Twenty bird shoot—known traps and unknown angles: W. H. Adams, 17; O. Weller, 16; Lenfesty, 16; F. Stevenson, 15; H. Young, 15; R. Peden, 13; J. Green, 12; C. Wenger, 12; C. Bamfield, 11; L. Smith, 11; Wilder, 11; A. Whitaker, 10.

Twenty birds—known traps, unknown angles: O. Weller, 19; Lenfesty, 17; W. H. Adams, 16; C. Bamfield, 16; R. Peden, 16; H. A. Short, 16; H. Young, 15; F. Stevenson, 14; L. Smith, 13; S. Sea, 13; J. H. Green, 13; Wilder, 12.

Team shoot—fifteen birds, known traps, unknown angles: Adams, 12; Stevenson, 12; Smith, 9; Green, 10; Newbiggin, 8; Rithet, 7; Clarke, 9; Wenger, 9; Winch, 2; total, 77. Weller, 13; Bamfield, 12; Young, 8; Wall, 9; Peden, 9; Whitaker, 7; Bechtel (A. D.), 8; Aetness, 9; Bechtel, 10; total, 85.

Lenfesty, 12; McDougall, 10; Williams, 14; Wilder, 11; Lewis, 8; Grice, 10; Lineham, 8; Porter, 7; Schroeder, 7; total, 87.

The team shoot, the result of which is given above, was without a doubt the most exciting. Sides were selected by Messrs. Lenfesty, Weller and Adams. It was a fifteen bird contest and victory went to Lenfesty's team after an exceedingly hard competition.

The picnickers returned on the evening train all voting the outing one of the most successful in the annals of the Victoria club.

Y. M. C. A. OUTING.

Saturday's Excursion to Ganges Harbor, Salt Spring Island, an Unqualified Success.

The Y. M. C. A. excursion through the Gulf Islands to Ganges Harbor, Salt Spring Island, was most successful. It was 1.30 o'clock when the steamer City of Nanaimo left the C. P. R. dock with about 250 pleasure-seekers. There is no doubt that there would have been a larger crowd but for the threatening weather on the forenoon of that day. But the rain and wind only served to clear the atmosphere, thus making the conditions ideal. Besides Victorians there were a number of tourists among the passengers, and their expressions of delight were a pleasure to hear. Both going and coming musical programmes were rendered by the Cecilian orchestra, and were much appreciated. About 5.30 o'clock the vessel reached Ganges Harbor, where the excursionists landed, and for a short time enjoyed the hospitality generously extended by residents of that locality. Meals were served on board by the Ladies' Auxiliary, assisted by an efficient corp of young men. The pleasure seekers reached Victoria again at 10 o'clock, and everyone voted the outing one of the most pleasurable of the season. Many have expressed the hope that officials of the Y. M. C. A. will see their way to arrange a similar outing sometime in the near future. It is quite possible that the suggestion will be adopted.

THOS. PRICE WON.

Young Man From Vancouver Captures Scholarship Presented by Mr. Flumerfelt.

The Flumerfelt scholarship committee met this afternoon and finally decided upon the winner of the handsome scholarship so generously offered by A. C. Flumerfelt, of this city. The successful candidate is Thomas E. Price, of Vancouver, who attends the High school in that city. Mr. Price has passed his second year in McGill University, and will receive $250 for each of the remaining two years in that famous institution. The conditions were that the candidate must have passed the first and second year in some institution of learning represented in the province. The other candidates were Joseph Clearihue, of Victoria; Thorpeif Larsen and Sydney Dyke, of New Westminster. Mr. Flumerfelt, the donor, is now in the city.

PERSONAL.

Rev. Charles M. Sheldon, of Topeka, Kansas, is among the guests at the Dominion hotel. He is well known in literary circles, being the author of "In His Steps" and other novels which attracted attention a few years ago, and are still widely read through Great Britain and the United States. Rev. Mr. Sheldon is the pastor of the Congregational church of Topeka, a position he has occupied for the past sixteen years. He is touring the Coast for the purpose of recuperating and finds Victoria's climate and beautiful scenery wonderfully refreshing.

S. Bunner, president of the California Volunteer Veteran Firemen's Association, Mrs. Bunner and family, are in the city. They did not accompany the party to the Sound last evening because of the sudden illness of one of their daughters, who has been taken to St. Joseph's hospital to undergo an operation for appendicitis. While here they are guests at the Dominion.

E. G. Porter, Mrs. Porter and child, of Belleville, Ont., are at the Driard. Mr. Porter is a well known Conservative M. P., representing West Hastings.

R. Marpole, superintendent of the Western division, C. P. R., was in the city yesterday. He left for Vancouver the morning.

Mrs. W. K. Houston and Mrs. G. L. Milne returned on Saturday from a brief visit to the Sound.

Island Potatoes, per sack - - - $10.0
Apples, per box - - - - - - 1.00

ROBINSON'S CASH STORE

'PHONE, 1010. 89 DOUGLAS ST.

The "Best" Alone Pays

For this reason when you are planning to paint your house buy

The Sherwin-Williams Paint

Covers most, looks best, wears longest, most economical

— SOLE AGENTS —

Peter McQuade & Son, 78 Wharf Street.

REAL ESTATE BARGAINS

First Street, 2 Lots at $250 each, Size 50x133
Third Street, 1 lot at $300, front and back ent.
Fifth Street, 3 Lots at $1.50 each 60x135 each
Fourth Street, 1 Lot at $350, nicely located
Hillside Farm Estate Lots $50 and upwards
Sixth Street, 2 Lots, (corner).....$200 each
Acreage in small parcels, 1 to 5 acres, very cheap

B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited
40 Government Street

THE PORTLAND FIRE.

One of Bodies Identified as That of Thomas Sorenson, of Notch Hill.

Portland, Ore., Aug. 19.—Late this afternoon the identity of one of the victims of the fire at the State Room inn was established. The identified body was that of Thomas Sorenson, a farmer of Notch Hill, B. C. It is believed that the other unidentified victim was from the same place. The inn kept no roster of its guests.

THE STOCK MARKETS.

(Furnished by F. W. Stevenson.)

New York, Aug. 21.—The volume of business on the Stock Exchange to-day was considerably lighter than for some time past, and trading was principally confined to a few specialties. As usual, when the market has shown a sagging tendency, Reading was again chosen as a leader and advanced to 115⅛, a new high record. The market did not respond to the belated advance in this stock, however, and the close was dull at about Saturday's level.

The bond market was firm and quiet. Money on call, 2% per cent.

New York Stocks.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Atchison	90	90½	89⅞	90⅛
B. & O.	113⅞	113½	113	113¼
B. R. T.	69⅝	70⅛	69⅝	69⅝
C. P. R.	160½	160¾	159⅞	159⅞
Erie	48⅝	49	48½	48⅝
Ill. Central	..	..	..	177¼
L. & N.	150¼	150¼	149⅞	149⅞
Man. L.	..	..	..	166½
Metropolitan	130	130	129¼	129½
Mo. Pacific	107½	108⅜	107½	107⅞
N. Y. Central	..	..	..	155⅝
Pennsylvania	[illegible]	146	145½	145⅝
Reading	113	115	112⅝	115⅛
Rock Island	34	34¼	34	34⅛
S. P.	67½	67½	67⅛	67⅛
St. Paul	186	186¼	185½	186¼
U. P.	136½	136½	135½	135⅝
Amal. Copper	86¼	86¼	85½	85½
Anm. Smelter	..	..	..	120
Am. Sugar	144⅝	145⅝	144⅝	145
People's Gas	105¼	105¼	104⅝	104⅝
T. C. & I.	..	..	..	90
U. S. Steel	36⅝	36⅞	36⅝	36½
U. S. Steel pfd.	104¼	105	104¼	104½
Western Union	..	..	..	93⅝

Sales to noon, 352,900 shares.

Chicago, Aug. 21.—Weakness was manifest in the wheat market from the opening to-day. Trading was confined principally to the September option, which declined from 80½ at the opening to 79⅝ just before the close. Profit taking by shorts caused a slight upturn and September closed at 80⅛, a net loss of ⅝@⅞ from Saturday. Lower prices in the cash wheat markets and weakness at Liverpool were the principal causes of the decline.

Corn was heavy in sympathy with the decline in wheat, September closing ⅝ lower than Saturday at 53⅝.

Oats quiet and slightly lower. Provisions firm and higher.

Liverpool wheat weak, September down ½d. at 6s. 7¾d., and December down ⅝d. at 6s. 6½d.

Chicago Markets.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
September	80½	80½	79⅝	80⅛
December	82	82	81⅝	81⅞
May	84⅞	85	84½	85
Corn—				
September	53⅝	53⅝	53	53⅛
December	45⅞	45⅞	45½	45½
May	..	..	..	43⅝
Oats—				
September	25⅝	25¾	25⅝	25⅝
December	26⅝	26⅝	26½	26½
May	28⅝	28⅝	28½	28½
Pork—				
September	14.10	14.27	14.10	14.22
October	14.20	14.30	14.20	14.30

—In the police court this morning W. F. Byers was fined twenty dollars for assaulting one Donaldson. The row occurred in a saloon.

LOCAL NEWS.

—Steamer Venture will sail for northern British Columbia ports on Tuesday evening, instead of this evening as previously announced.

—Yesterday a horse belonging to Cameron & Caldwell was killed on the Gorge road. A gentleman was driving the animal, and in turning aside to allow an automobile to pass the buggy became cramped. When the driver alighted the horse started along the road, breaking into a run when pursued. The unfortunate beast collided with a telephone pole and was thrown, breaking its neck.

—J. A. Thomson, manager of the Hudson's Bay Company at Victoria, left Friday night on the steamer Princess Beatrice for the north on a lengthy trip. He will leave the Beatrice at Port Essington and proceed up the Skeena to Hazelton, whence he will travel overland to Ashcroft, visiting the various posts of the company en route. He expects to be away about two months.

—Wives sometimes object to life insurance, widows never do. How is it in your case? Have you made provision for your family so that in the event of anything happening to you they will at least have something to fall back on? If you have not, then don't delay any longer. Let us show you the new contract of the Canada Life. No better policy, no better company can be found anywhere. A policy in its pays. Heisterman & Co., general agents.

—P. M. Arthur and A. R. Pope, of New York, are at the Driard. They are on business connected with the carrying out of works of the Okanagan Construction Company, which aims, it is believed in building a railway through to the coast. Neither, however, is disposed to discuss the business at present. They are here they say to spy out the land, and if they find conditions favorable, it will not take them long to decide on their plans. The engineer of the company was in the city on Sunday, while Mr. Arthur, the head of the company, is expected to reach the city very shortly.

—Complaints have been made at the Times office of parties shooting game in the vicinity of the Summit on the E. & N. line, and also in the Strawberry Vale district. It is quite evident, sportsmen say, that undue efforts will have to be made to stop this pernicious practice or the splendid game asset of which this part of the island boasts will be a thing of the past. The attention of the Fish and Game Club is called to these infractions of the law and undoubtedly they will see that the law violates are promptly dealt with when apprehended.

—At the Salvation Army hall to-morrow night Capt. Parker from Toronto, late of Victoria, will exhibit over 5,000 feet of animated pictures, showing the world wide work of the Army, which will be projected on the canvas by a powerful English bioscope. The great social work of the Salvation Army in the slums of London, New York and Chicago will be faithfully depicted. Scenes from Australia and other countries will appear in life-like reproduction. Also animated pictures of the famous zoological gardens of London, England, and a reproduction of the pictures representing Christ healing the blind man. Beautiful illustrations will be thrown upon the canvas while the "Holy City" is being sung. Other illustrated songs will be rendered.

THE MINERS' STRIKE.

Will Probably Be Settled When General Manager Lindsey Reaches Fernie.

Toronto, Aug. 21.—The directors of the Crow's Nest Pass Coal Company say the dispute is trivial, and will be settled on when General Manager Lindsey reaches Fernie.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Queen from San Francisco—Miss Flo Russell, Mrs E Birdsall, W A Ward and wife, G B Cleland and wife, W H Yonill, wife and daughter, T H Bailey, L Nunthal, Miss M Lake, Mrs A P Briggs and 2 children, Z H Burkhom, E H Dodd, Douglas Hawes, E R Coy, H Dittonson, M Proctor, J Marks.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Queen from San Francisco—A Ohlson, Brady Houston Pa Co, Clark & Pearson, C A Harrison, C R G Webbe, C Morley, Ching Lung, Dickson & Cowen, D Leeming, D H Ross & Co, Evans, Coleman & E, Edgett & Co, F R Stewart & Co, Giant Powder Co, G E Munro & Co, Harris & Moore, Hinton Elec Co, J Barnsley & Co, J H Todd & Son, J Robertson, L Goodacre & Son, Marine Iron Wks, M W Waitt & Co, Munroe & Co, Mrs E Wattlet, O H Smith & Co, Province Cigar Co, Pither & Leiser, Pichon & Lenfesty, R Angus, R Runfrey, R P Rithet & Co, R Baker & Son, S Leiser & Co, Shawnigan Lake, Lbr Co, The Colonist, Vic Mach Dept Co, W H Adams, Wilson Bros, Wells, Fargo & Co, Yuen Lung, Yan Fook Yuen, Yu Dun.

Cheapest Buy
— IN —
James Bay

Six room house, bath, etc., sewer connected, garden and orchard, corner lot, price $1,200; assessed value $1,600.

E. A. HARRIS & CO.
35 FORT STREET.

For a profitable and perfectly safe investment

Buy Rosela Hydraulic

shares while they are at par (25 cents). The looked for announcement of the plant commencing operations will, when received, advance the shares to possibly four times their present price.

Avoid regret by buying now.

Rosella Hydraulic Mining and Development Co. 74 Govt St.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MRS. E. HOOD, nurse, 17 Alfred street, is prepared to receive cases of nursing. Phone A960.

FOR SALE—English leather valise, $3.50; suit case, $1.50; Yukon solid gold ring, 18 kt., $6; gold charm and £2 piece (1887), $37.50; silver hunting case watch, $6; lady's lace shoes, J. & T. Bell, $1.75; coats and vests, $1.75. Jacob Aaronson's new and second-hand store, 64 Johnson street, two doors below Government street.

TO LET—Small well furnished cottage, 32 Quadra street.

WANTED—A bell boy. Apply Union Club.

LOST—Between Quebec and Fort streets, a purse containing a sum of money. Reward at Times Office.

CARD OF THANKS

Mr. and Mrs. Wolfe desire to thank their many friends for their kind tokens of sympathy in their sad bereavement.

Granite and Marble Works

Monuments, Tablets, Granite Coping, etc., at lowest prices consistent with first-class stock and workmanship.

A. Stewart
COR. YATES & BLANCHARD STS.

BORN.

JOHNSTON—At Vancouver, on Aug. 17th, the wife of Harry Austen Johnston, of a son.

FIFE—At Nelson, on Aug. 15th, the wife of Alex. Fife, of a daughter.

MARRIED.

BURKEN-FONTAINE—At Rossland, on Aug. 16th, by Rev. Father MacKinnon, William Burken and Miss Mabel Fontaine.

SHILVACK-AGNEW—At Rossland, on Aug. 16th, by Rev. J. D. P. Knox, Vernon Shilvack and Miss Effie Agnew.

BAZLEY-DUNN—At Vancouver, on Aug. 17th, by Rev. B. H. West, Minor Bazley and Miss Lillian Dunn.

COLLIN-FARROW—At Vancouver, on Aug. 17th, by Rev. J. Simpson, Percy F. Collin and Miss Annie Louise Farrow.

NOBLE-WHITEHOUSE—At Revelstoke, on Aug. 13th, by Rev. W. C. Calder, Antis Erstle Noble and Blanche Whitehouse.

LANE-PRIOR—At Revelstoke, on Aug. 16th, by Rev. C. A. Procunier, Raymond R. Lane and Elizabeth A. Prior.

DIED.

STEPHENS—At Vancouver, on Aug. 16th, Fred. Stephens, aged 44 years.

Saturday Economy

Sweet Midget Peas, 3 tins for 25c
Large Tin Table Apricots, each 20c
Christie's Soda Crackers, a tin 25c
Sweet Sugar Prunes, a basket 25c

The West End Grocery Company,
S. J. HEALD Manager.

B. & K. ROLLED OATS

"NO WEEVILS
NO NASTY HUSKS"

Our Stock is being reduced through the splendid inducements that we are offering during our

AUGUST SALE

Some pianos have gone miles into the country and some have been sold in the city, which is an indication that we enjoy the confidence of the public generally. This we have always tried to merit and believe it to be the policy that lasts.

We still have a few more

SPLENDID BARGAINS

and we invite one and all to call and examine them

Hicks & Lovick Piano Co.,
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88 Government Street